

BR-6478AC

User Manual

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The product you have purchased and the setup screen may appear slightly different from those shown in this QIG. For more information about this product, please refer to the user manual on the CD-ROM. The software and specifications are subject to change without notice. Please visit our website www.edimax.com for updates. All brand and product names mentioned in this manual are trademarks and/or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Edimax Technology Co., Ltd.

Add: No. 3, Wu-Chuan 3rd Rd., Wu-Ku Industrial Park, New Taipei City, Taiwan

Tel: +886-2-77396888

Email: sales@edimax.com.tw

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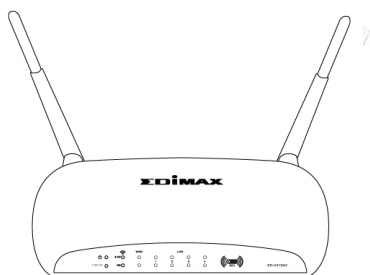
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I. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Thank you for purchasing an Edimax BR-6478AC AC1200 wireless concurrent dual-band gigabit router.

I-1. Package Contents

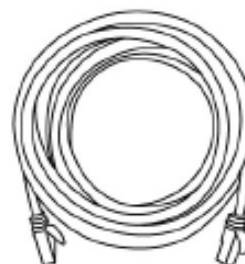
Before you start using this product, please check if there is anything missing in the package, and contact your dealer to claim the missing item(s):



BR-6478AC



CD-ROM



Ethernet

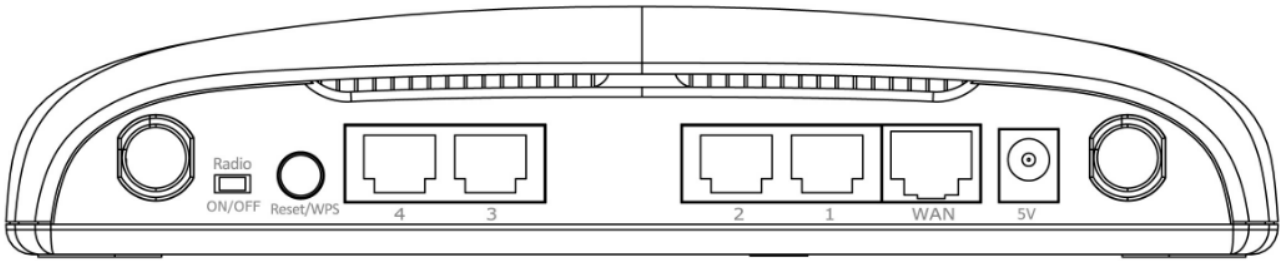


Quick Installation Guide



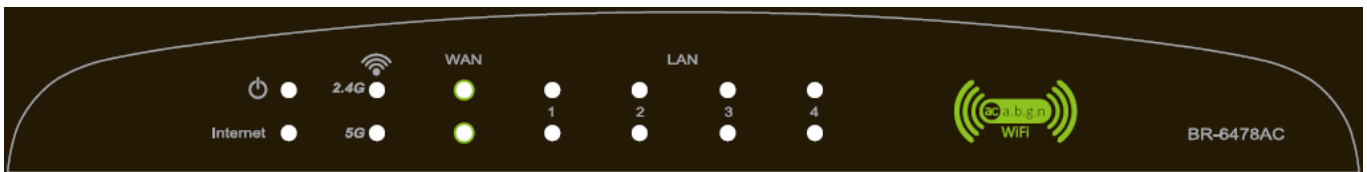
Power Adapter




I-2. Hardware



Item Name	Description
Antenna	Connects the supplied 3dBi antennas.
Radio ON/OFF Switch	Switch the wireless signal on/off accordingly.
Reset / WPS Button	Resets the router to factory default settings (clears all settings) or starts the WPS function. Reset: Press and hold for 12 seconds to restore all settings to factory defaults. WPS: Press this button for 2–5 seconds to activate the WPS function.
Gigabit LAN Ports	Connects via Ethernet cable to a computer or other network devices.
Gigabit WAN Port	Connects to cable/xDSL modems.
5V Power Port	Connects to the supplied power adapter.

I-3. LED Status



LED	LED Status	Description
Power 	On	Router is on.
	Off	Router is off.
Internet	On	Internet connection is active.
	Flashing	Router is connecting to internet.
	Off	No internet connection.
2.4 GHz 	On	2.4GHz wireless is active.
	Flashing	2.4GHz LAN activity (transferring/receiving data).
	Off	2.4GHz wireless is not active.
5 GHz 	On	5GHz wireless is active.
	Flashing	5GHz LAN activity (transferring/receiving data).
	Off	5GHz wireless is not active.
WAN	On	WAN port connected.
	Flashing	WAN activity (transferring/receiving data)
	Off	WAN port not connected.
LAN 1–4	On	LAN port connected.
	Flashing	LAN activity (transferring or receiving data).
	Off	LAN port not connected.

I-4. Safety Information

In order to ensure the safe operation of the device and its users, please read and act in accordance with the following safety instructions.

1. The router is designed for indoor use only; do not place the router outdoors.
2. Do not place the router in or near hot/humid places, such as a kitchen or bathroom.
3. Do not pull any connected cable with force; carefully disconnect it from the router.
4. The device contains small parts which are a danger to small children under 3 years old. Please keep the router out of reach of children.
5. Do not place the router on paper, cloth, or other flammable materials. The router will become hot during use.
6. There are no user-serviceable parts inside the router. If you experience problems with the router, please contact your dealer of purchase and ask for help.
7. The router is an electrical device and as such, if it becomes wet for any reason, do not attempt to touch it without switching the power supply off. Contact an experienced electrical technician for further help.
8. If you smell burning or see smoke coming from the router then unplug the router immediately, as far as it is safely possible to do so. Call your dealer of purchase for help.

I-5. Features

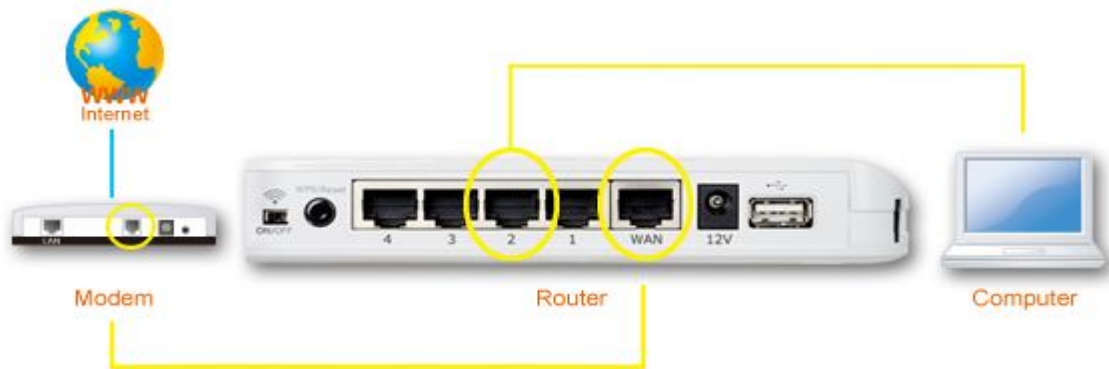
- Supports IEEE 802.11ac & IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n concurrent dual-band connections on 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands.
- Wireless data transmission rate up to 1167Mbps (2.4GHz 300Mbps + 5GHz 867Mbps).
- 4 gigabit LAN ports (data transmission rates up to 1000Mbps).
- Comply with IEEE 802.3/ 802.3u/ 802.3ab standards.
- Smart and automated iQ Setup.
- iQoS for quick and easy bandwidth management.
- Build-in hardware button to enable/disable the wireless signal.
- Wireless signal on/off scheduling function.
- Supports DHCP, Static IP, PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP and WISP connection modes.

- Supports WMM, WEP, WPA, WPA2, DDNS, QoS, IP/MAC filter, DMZ and virtual server.

II. HARDWARE INSTALLATION & NETWORK SETTINGS

II-1. Hardware Installation

Please setup your router, computer, modem and other network devices as shown below.



Before using the BR-6478AC, please make sure your computer is set to use a **dynamic IP address**. This means your computer can obtain an IP address automatically from a DHCP server. Please refer to instructions appropriate for your operating system.

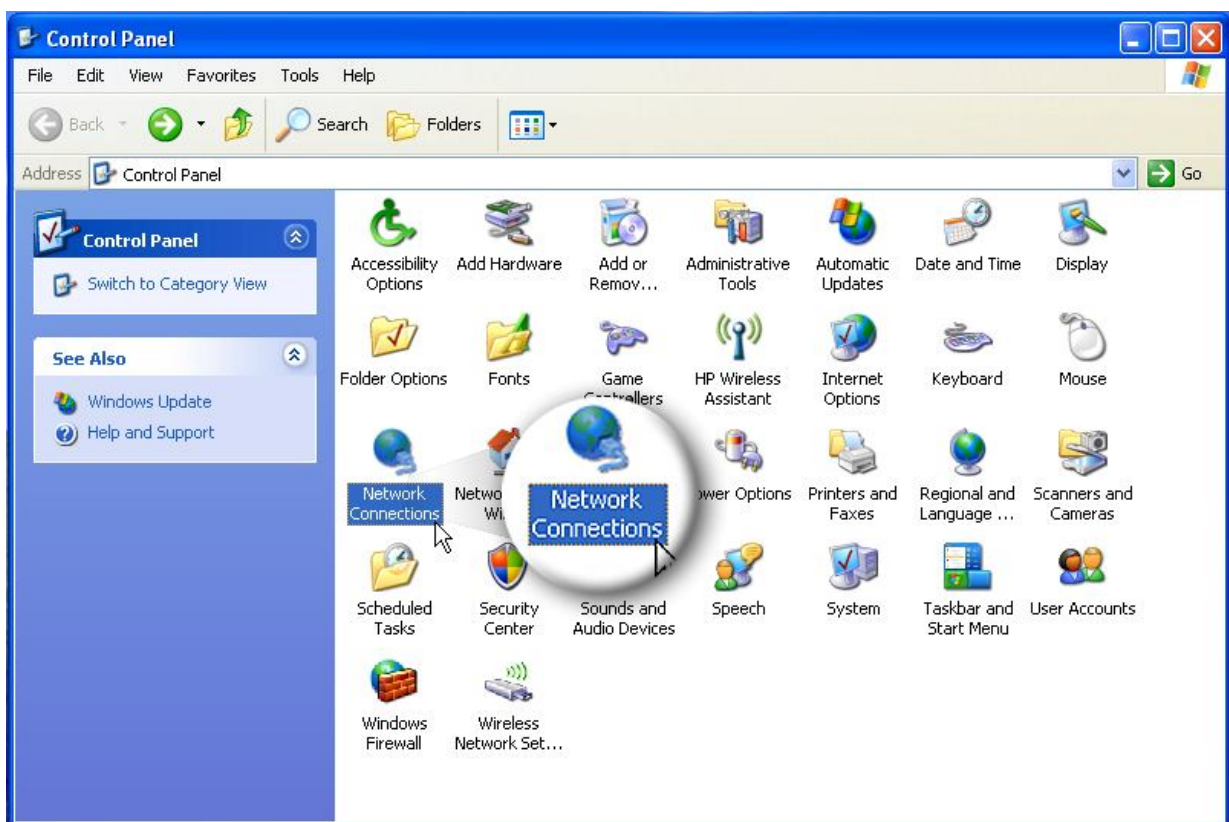
II-2. Network Settings

II-2-1. Windows XP

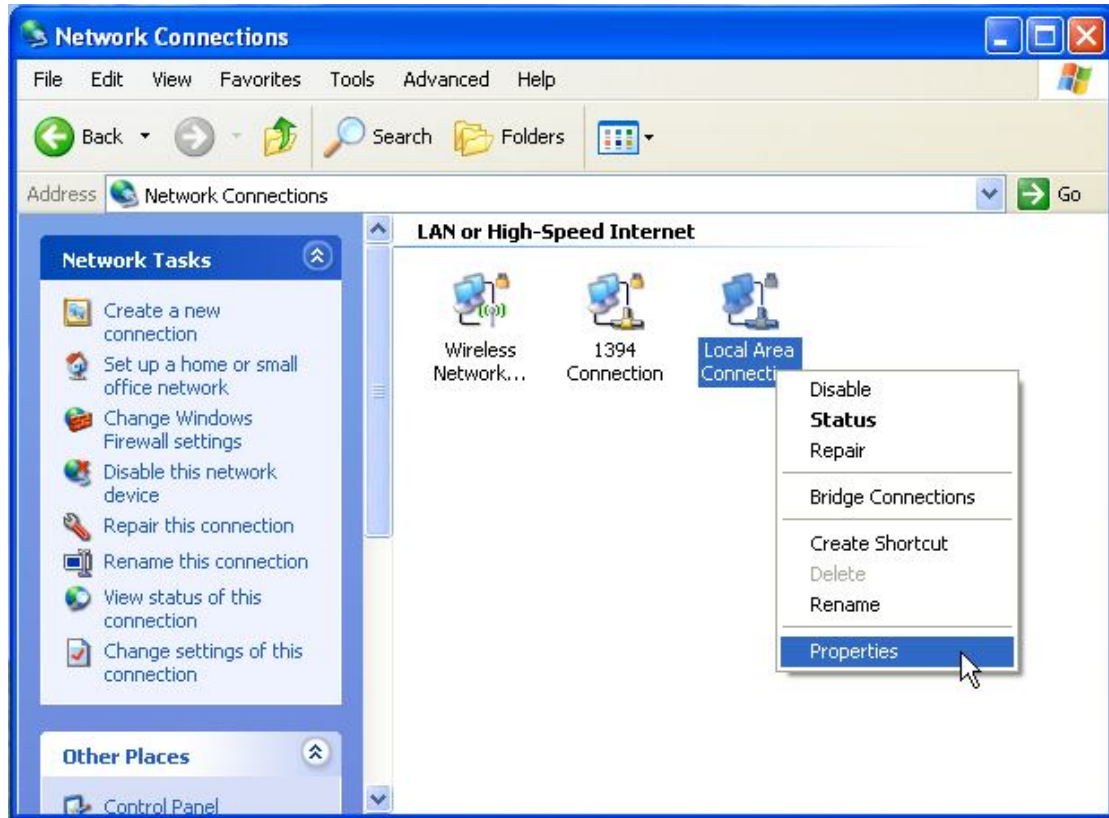
1. Click the “Start” button, then click “Control Panel”.



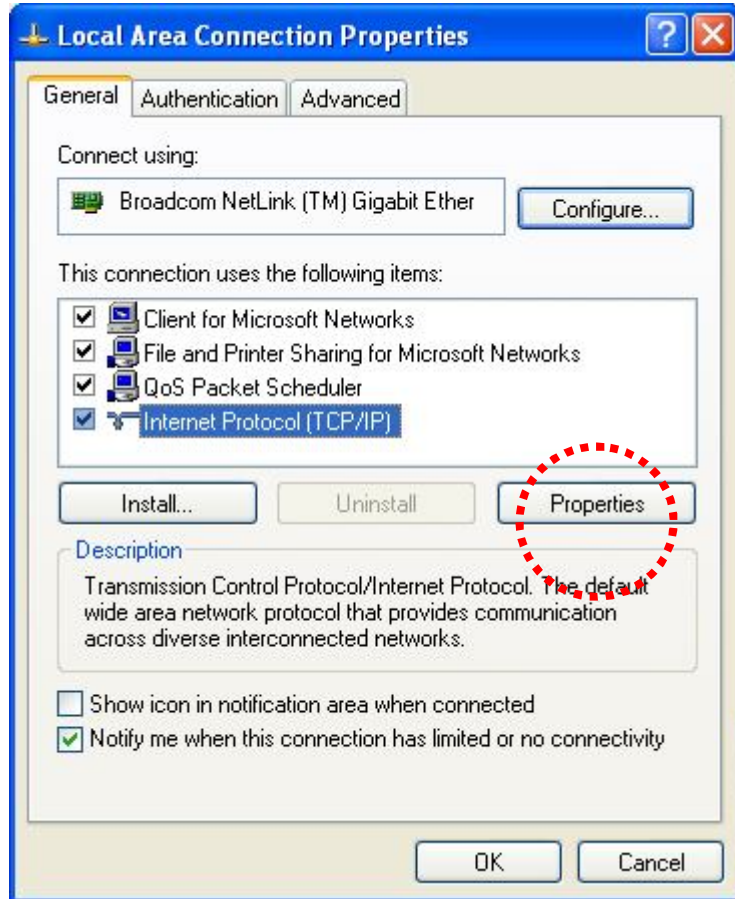
2. Double click the “Network Connections” icon and the “Network Connections” window will appear.



3. Right click “Local Area Connection” on the mouse. When the “Local Area Connection Properties” window appears, click “Properties”.

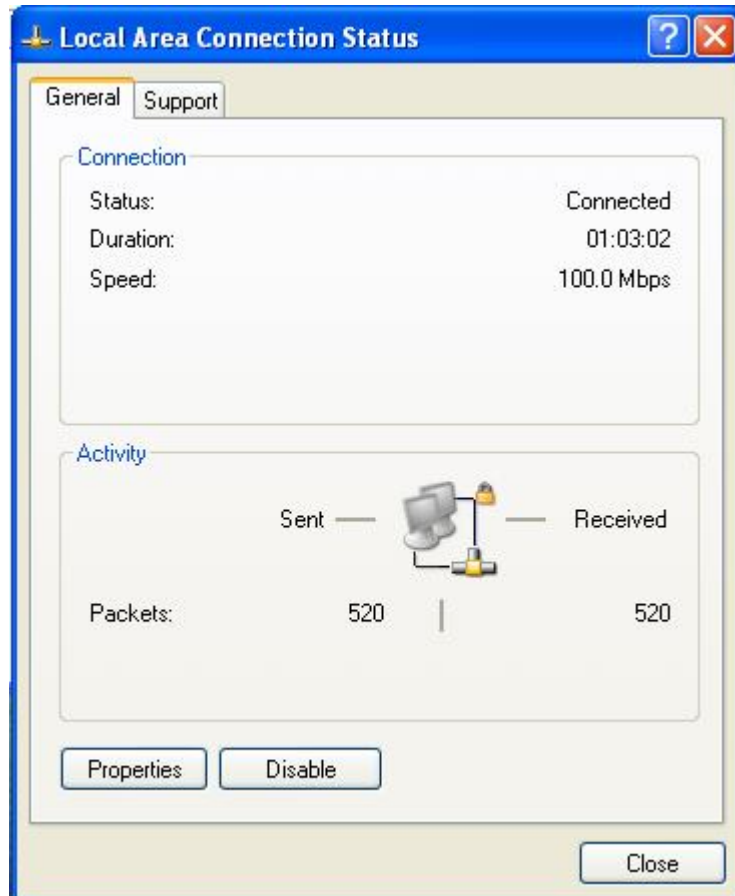
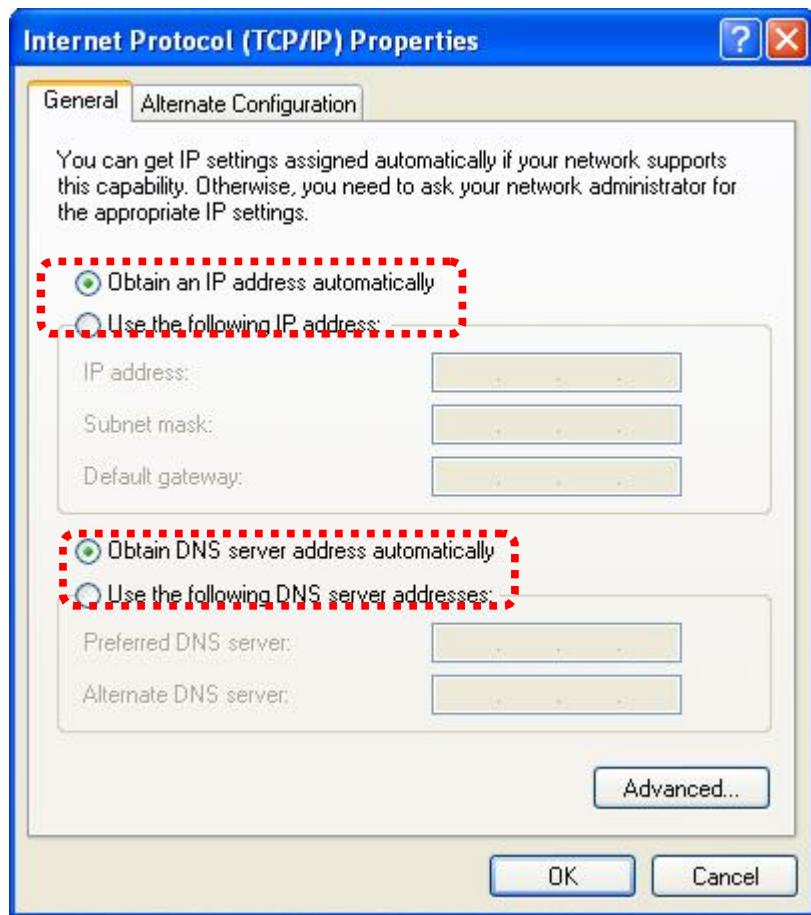


4. Select "TCP/IP" and click "Properties".



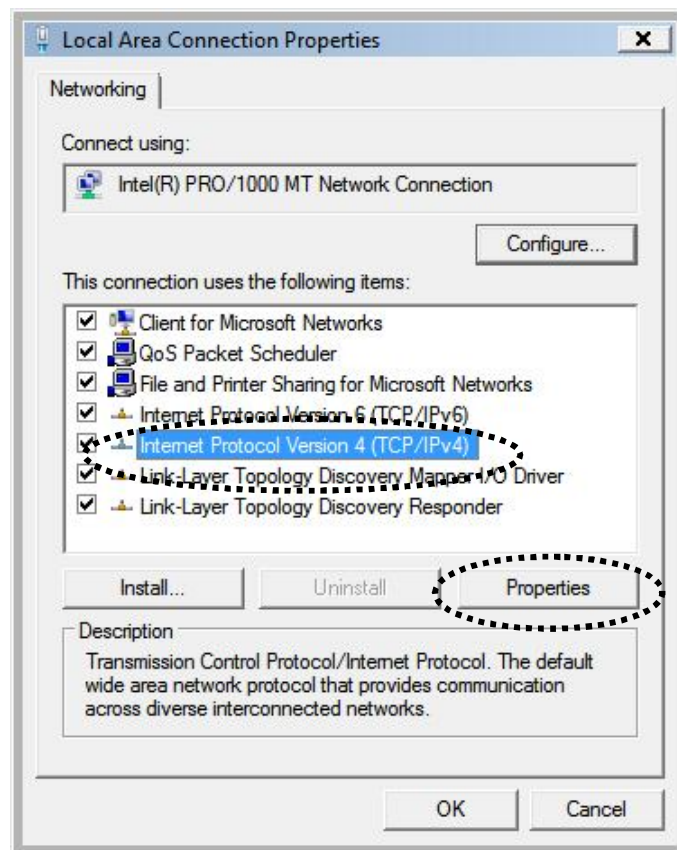
5. Select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server

address automatically”, then click “OK”.

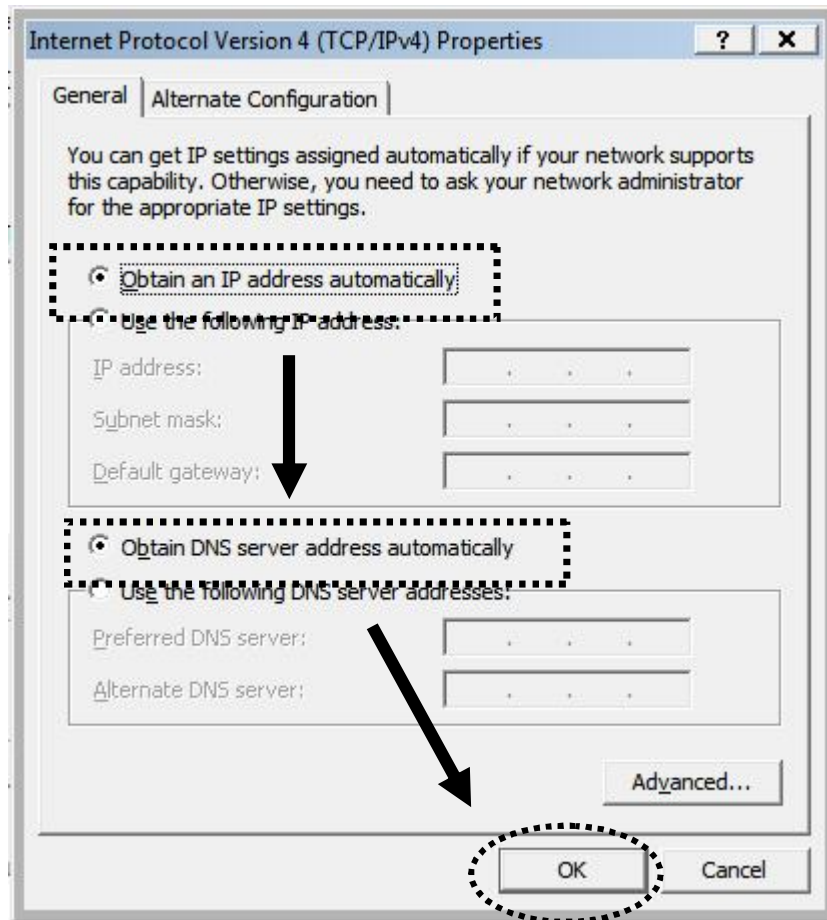


II-2-2. Windows Vista

1. Click the “Start” button (it should be located in the lower-left corner of your computer), then click “Control Panel”. Click “View Network Status and Tasks”, then click “Manage Network Connections”. Right-click “Local Area Network”, then select “Properties”. The “Local Area Connection Properties” window will then appear, select “Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP / IPv4)”, and then click “Properties”.

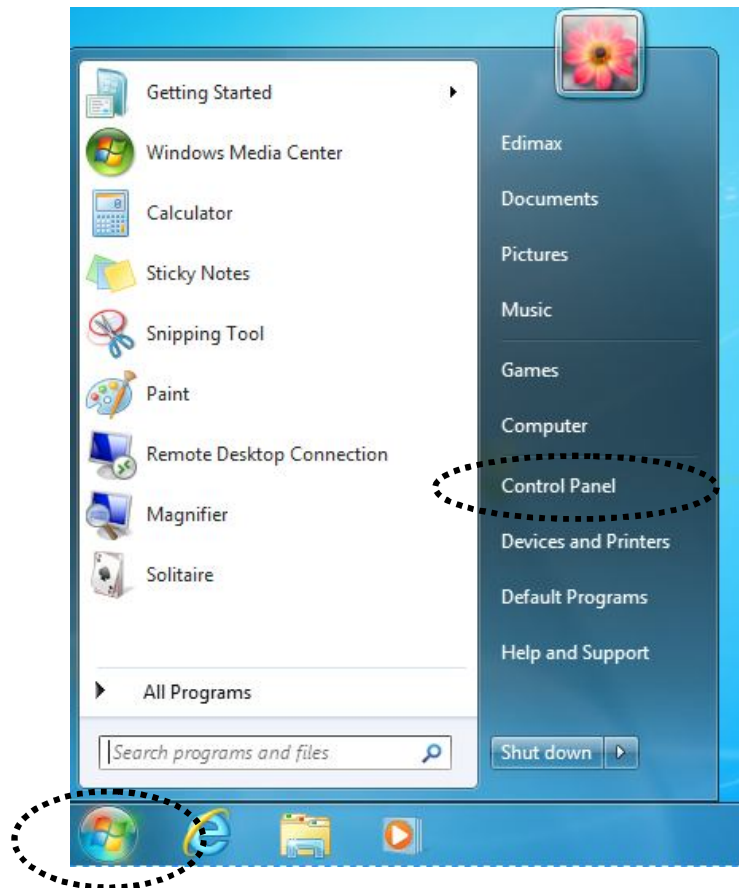


2. Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” and “Obtain DNS server address automatically”, then click “OK”.

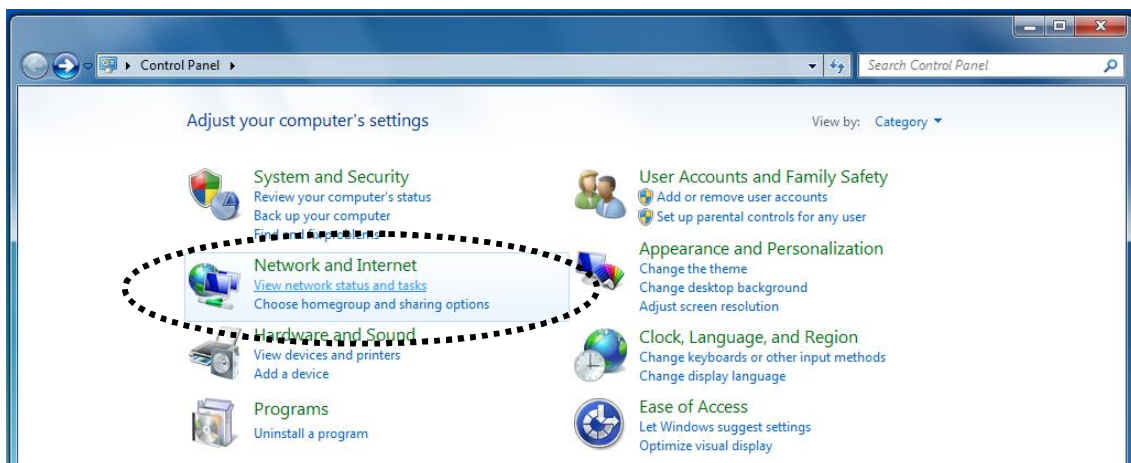


II-2-3. Windows 7

1. Click the “Start” button (it should be located in the lower-left corner of your computer), then click “Control Panel”.



2. Under “Network and Internet” click “View network status and tasks”.



3. Click “Local Area Connection”.

View your basic network information and set up connections

TS-WIN7 (This computer) — Home network — Internet

See full map

View your active networks — Connect or disconnect

Home network
Home network

Access type: No Internet access
HomeGroup: Ready to create
Connections: Local Area Connection

4. Click “Properties”.

Local Area Connection Status

General

Connection

IPv4 Connectivity: No Internet access
IPv6 Connectivity: No network access
Media State: Enabled
Duration: 02:08:52
Speed: 100.0 Mbps

Details...

Activity

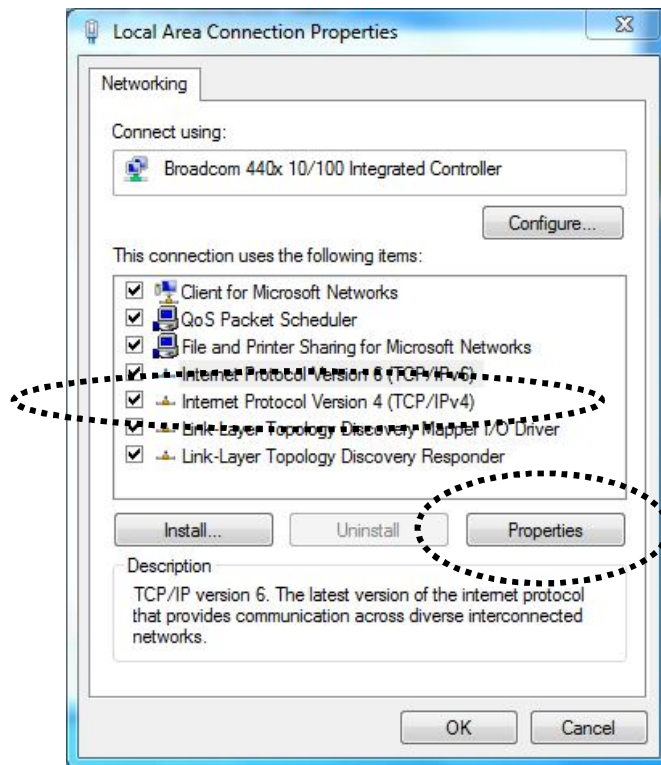
Sent — Received

Bytes: 951,332 | 4,398,184

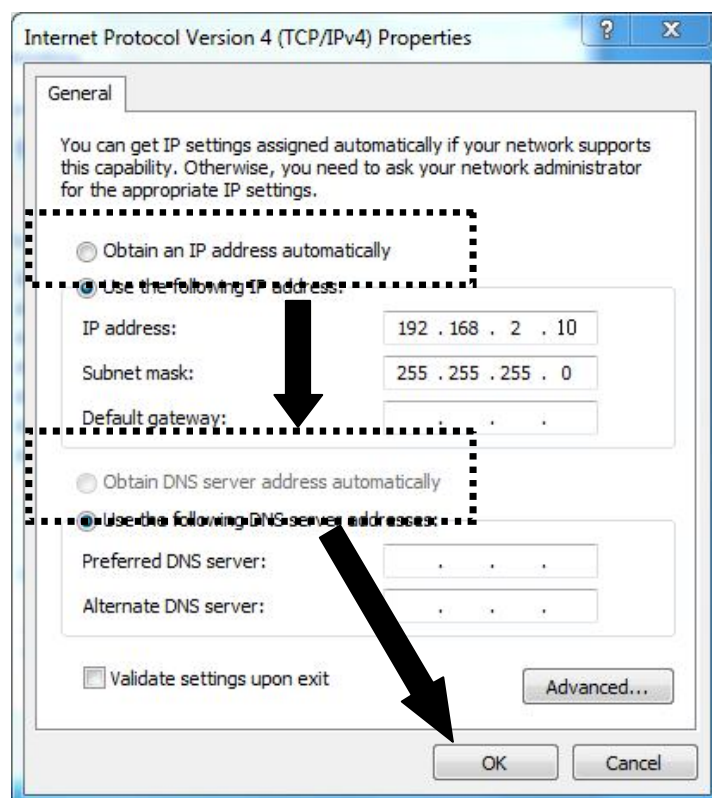
Properties Disable Diagnose

Close

5. Select “Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv6)” and then click “Properties”.

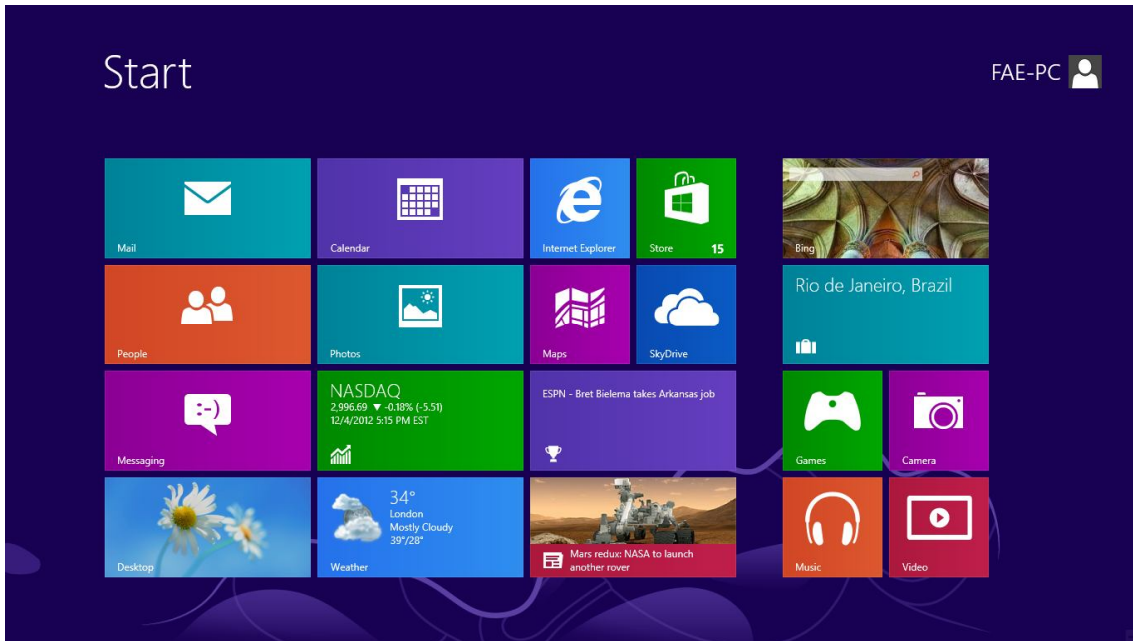


6. Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” and “Obtain DNS server address automatically”, then click “OK”.

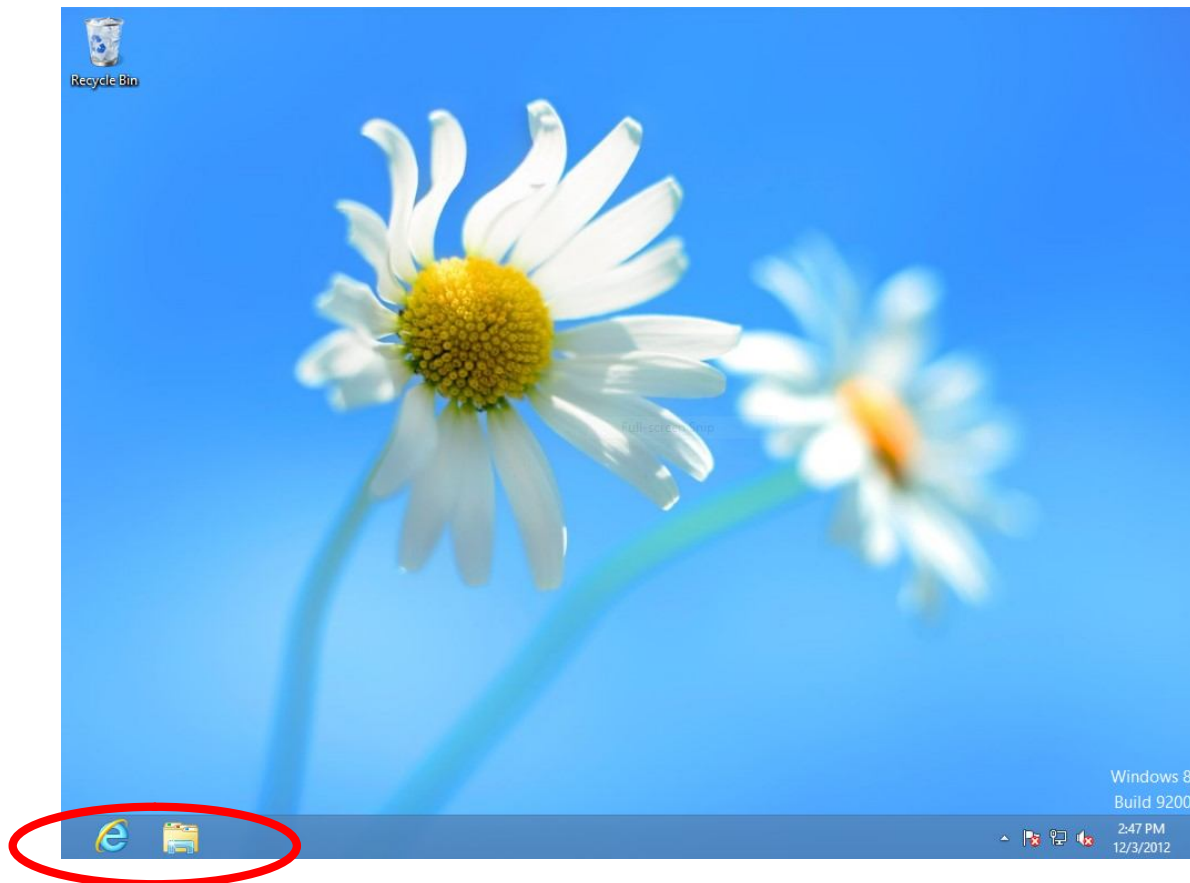


II-2-4. Windows 8

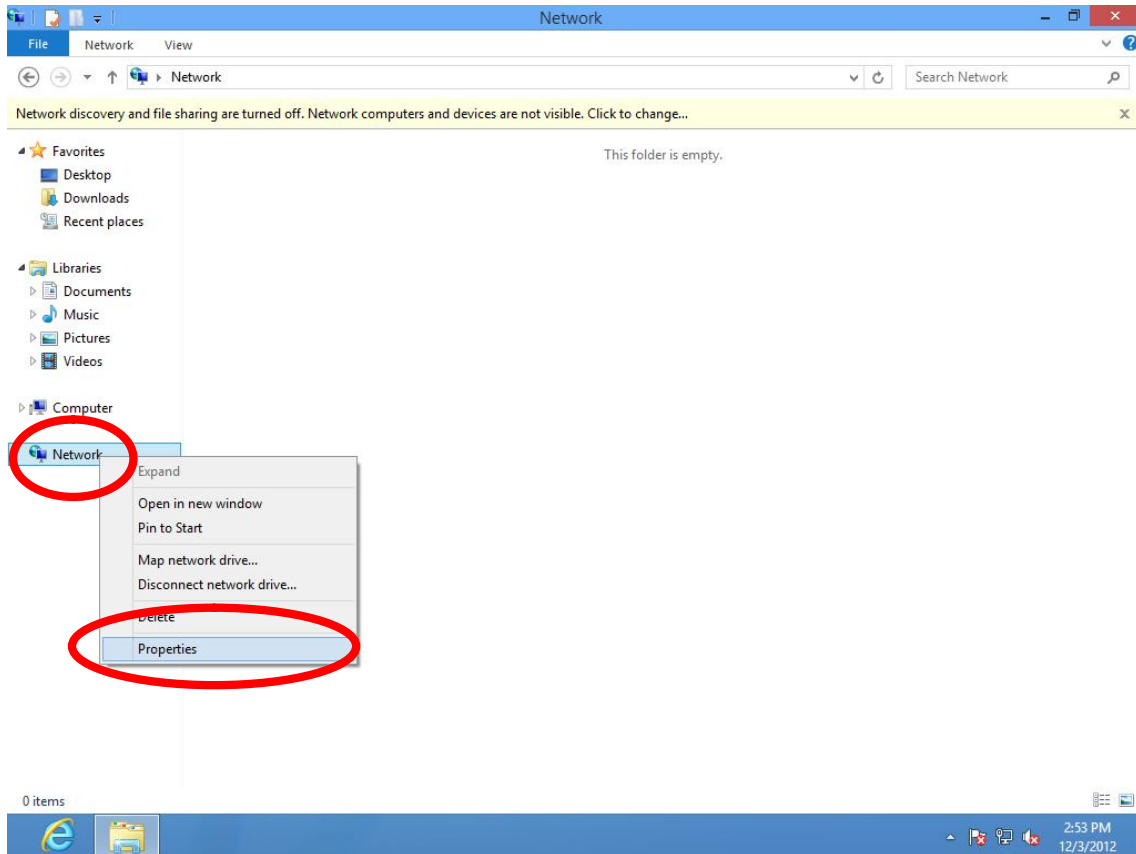
1. From the Windows 8 Start screen, you need to switch to desktop mode. Move your cursor to the bottom left of the screen and click.



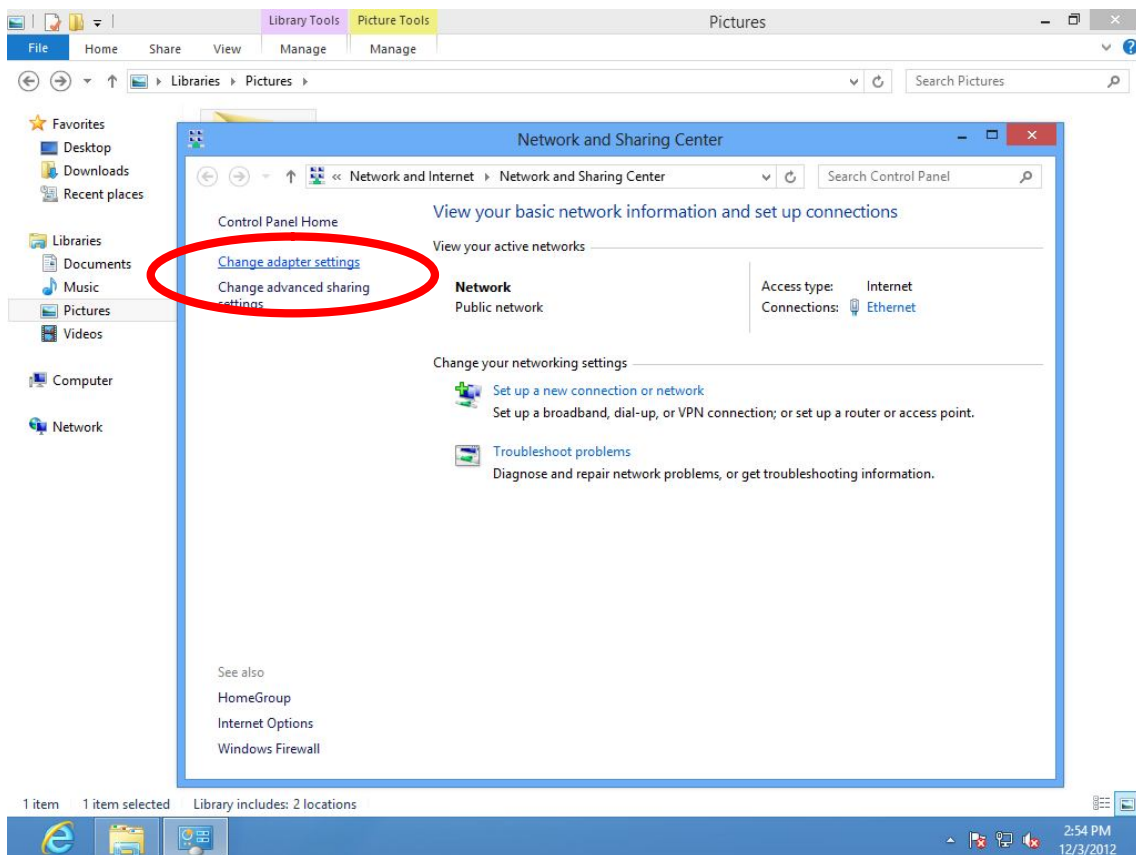
2. In desktop mode, click the File Explorer icon in the bottom left of the screen, as shown below.



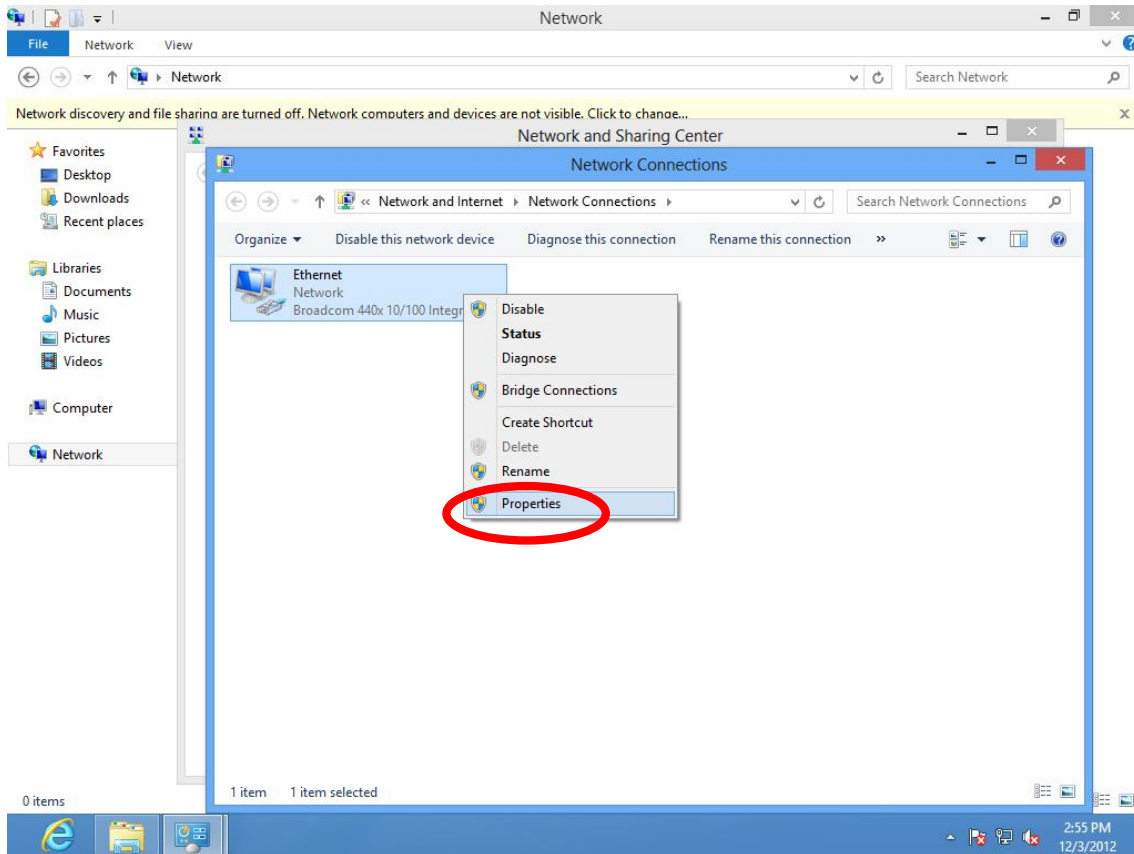
3. Right click "Network" and then select "Properties".



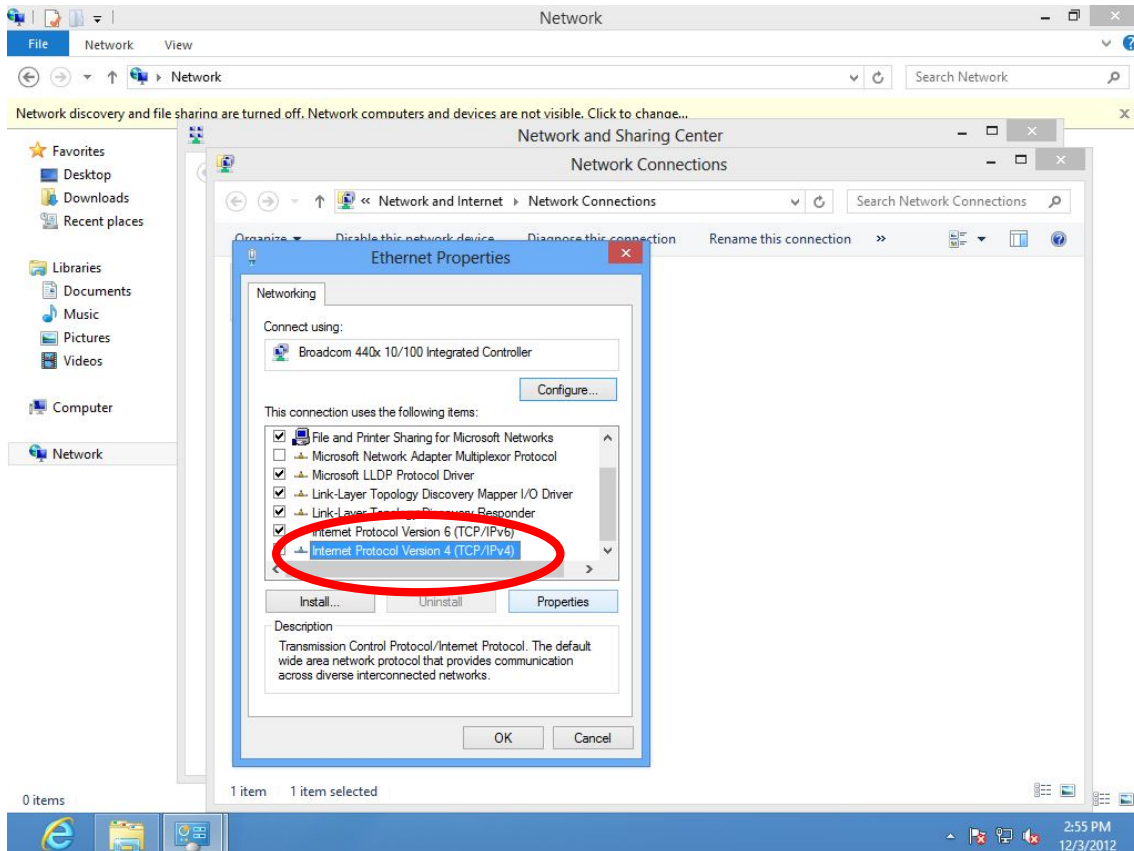
4. In the window that opens, select “Change adapter settings” from the left side.



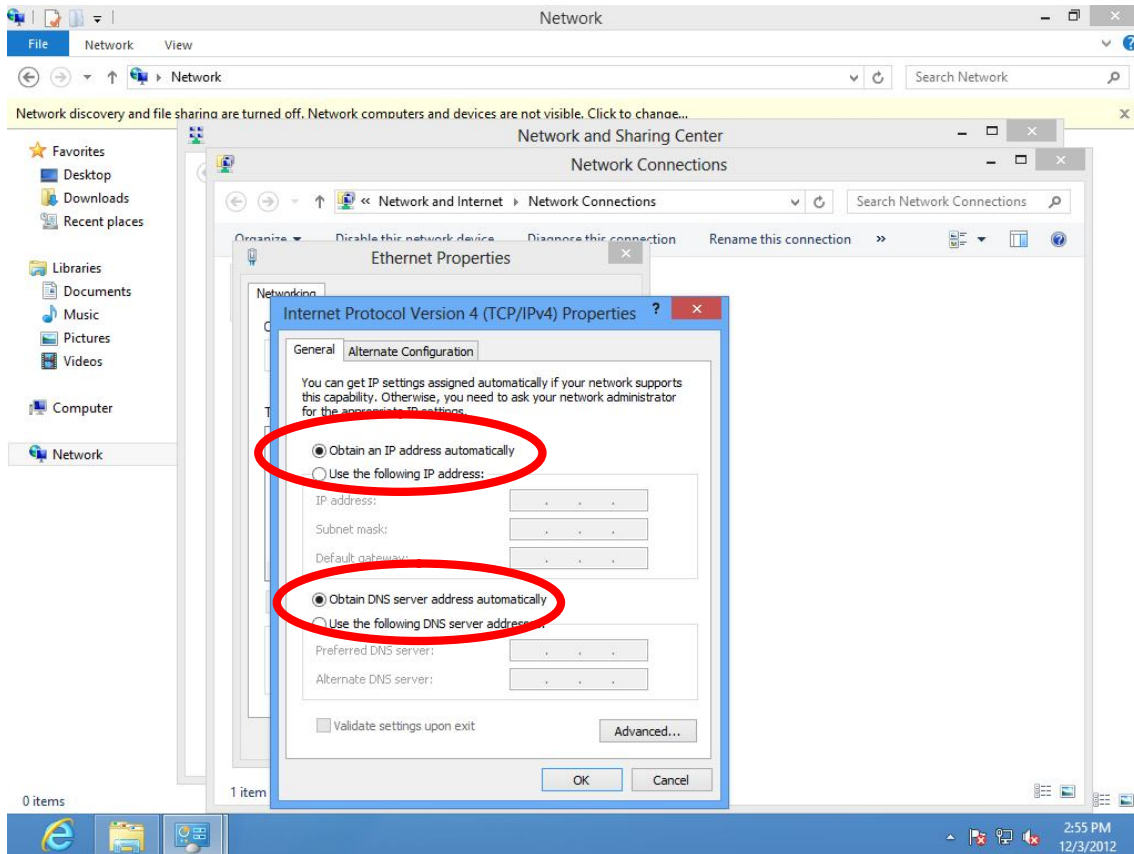
5. Choose your connection and right click, then select “Properties”.



6. Select “Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv6)” and then click “Properties”.



7. Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” and “Obtain DNS server address automatically”, then click “OK”.



III. SETTING UP

III-1. iQ Setup

iQ Setup is a simple and intelligent WAN detection tool. Please follow the instructions below.

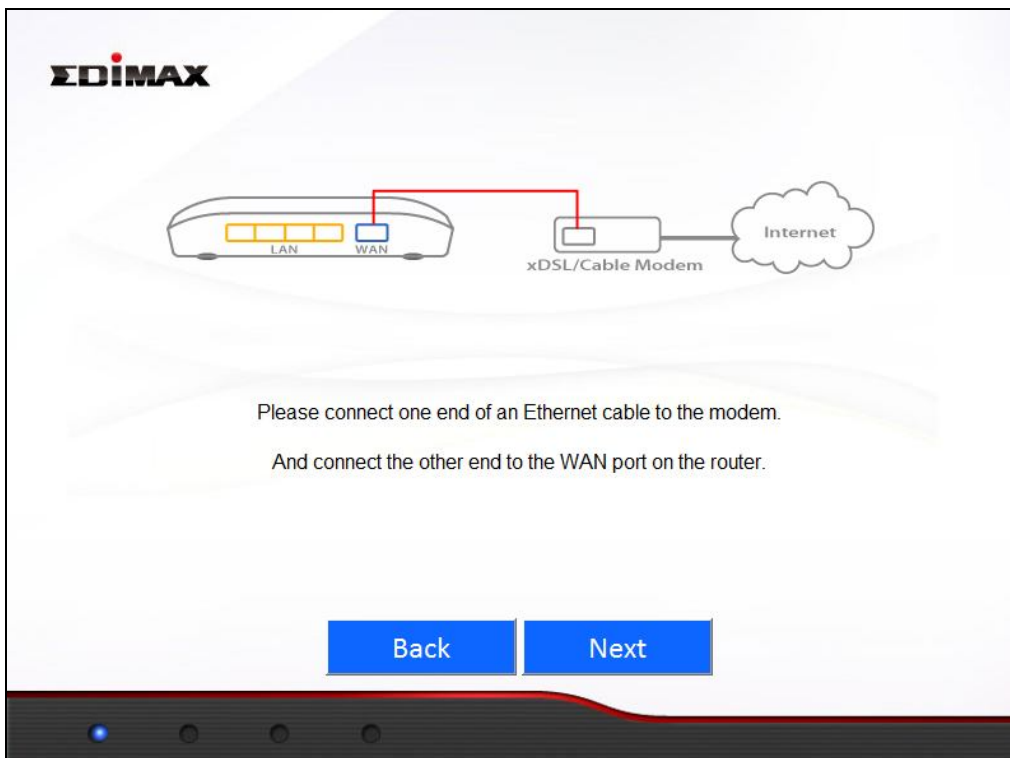
1. Use a Wi-Fi device (e.g. computer, tablet, smartphone) to search for a Wi-Fi network with the SSID “edimax.setup” and connect to it.
2. Open a web browser and if you do not automatically arrive at the “Get Started” screen shown below, enter the URL <http://edimax.setup>. Select your language from the drop down menu and click “**Get Started**” to begin the setup process.



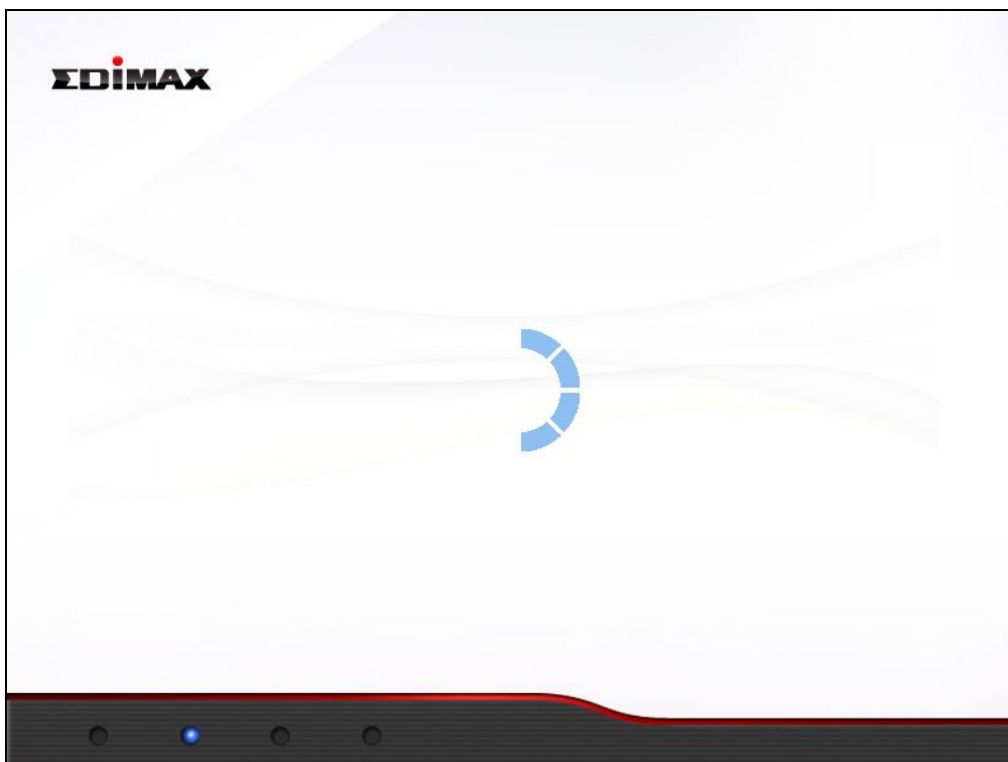


Note: If you cannot access <http://edimax.setup>, please make sure your computer is set to use a dynamic IP address. See II. NETWORK SETTINGS

3. Ensure that your router is properly connected to your modem as shown on the screen, and click “Next” to continue.

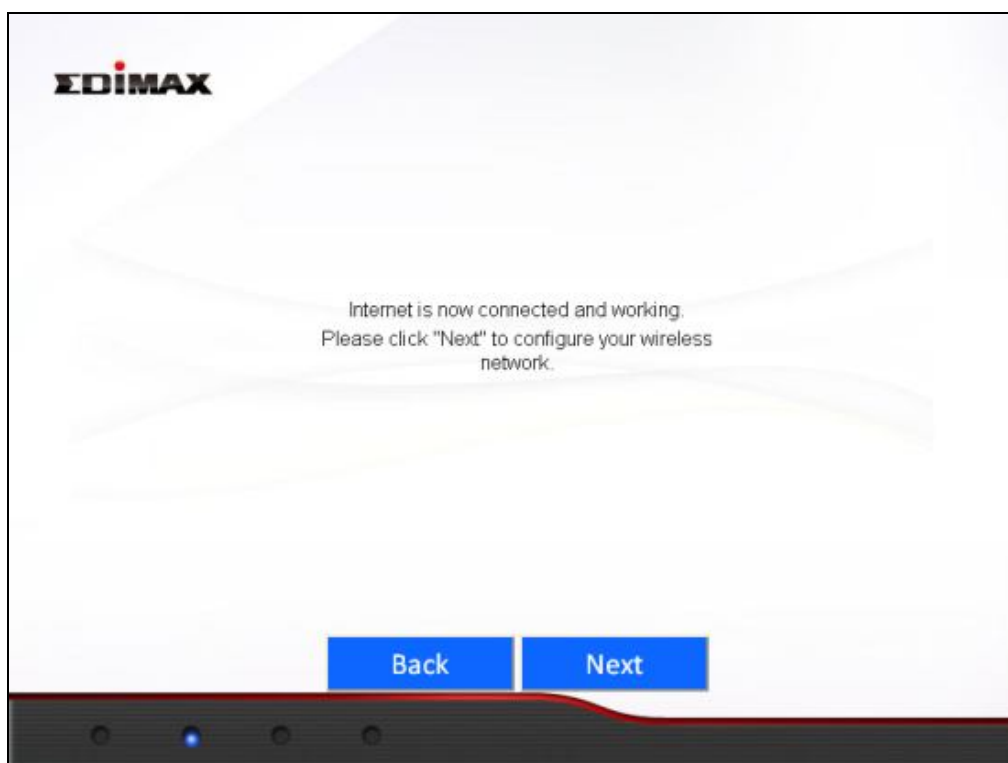



4. Please wait a moment while the BR-6478AC detects your WAN connection type.

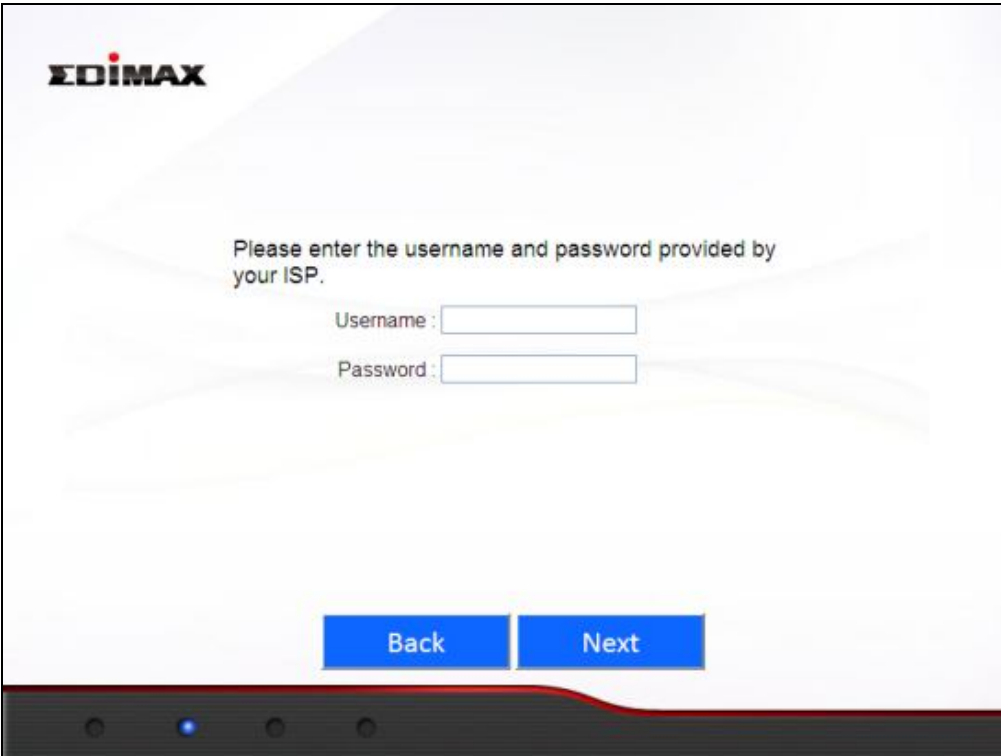


5. The BR-6478AC will display the next screen depending on your WAN connection type.


 For **Dynamic IP** users please click **“Next”** to continue:



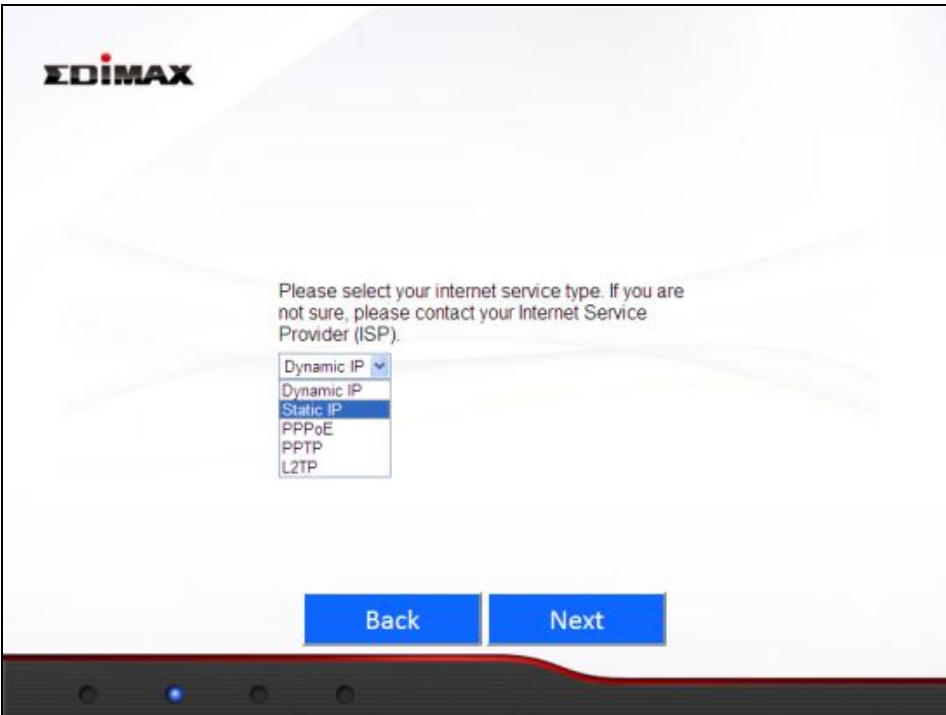
 For **PPPoE** users please enter the username and password provided by your ISP and click **“Next”** to continue:



The image shows the EDIMAX configuration interface for PPPoE. At the top left is the EDIMAX logo. The main text reads: "Please enter the username and password provided by your ISP." Below this text are two input fields: "Username:" followed by a text box, and "Password:" followed by a text box. At the bottom of the screen are two blue buttons labeled "Back" and "Next". The background features a faint, stylized graphic of a globe.

 For **other** users please select your WAN connection type manually from the drop down menu, click **“Next”** to continue and follow the on-screen instructions.

Note: *If you are not sure which WAN connection type to choose, please contact your ISP.*



The image shows the EDIMAX configuration interface for selecting a WAN connection type. At the top left is the EDIMAX logo. The main text reads: "Please select your internet service type. If you are not sure, please contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP)." Below this text is a dropdown menu with the following options: "Dynamic IP" (selected), "Dynamic IP", "Static IP", "PPPoE", "PPTP", and "L2TP". At the bottom of the screen are two blue buttons labeled "Back" and "Next". The background features a faint, stylized graphic of a globe.

6. Please enter a network name (SSID) and Wi-Fi Password for each of the BR-6478AC's 2.4GHz and 5GHz Wi-Fi networks and click **"Next"** to continue.

Note: Please remember these details. For your convenience, you can write them down at the end of this QIG in **"Wi-Fi Settings"**.

EDIMAX

Please make sure you setup your network name and Wi-Fi password.

Network name (SSID, 2.4G) : edimax.setup

Wi-Fi password : 12345678
(at least 8 characters)

Network name (SSID, 5G) : edimax.setup

Wi-Fi password : 12345678
(at least 8 characters)

Back Next

7. You will see the screen below, displaying a summary of your W-Fi settings and that configuration is now complete. Please click **"Next"** to continue.

The configuration is complete. Please click on "Next" to restart the router.

Internet Type : Dynamic IP

Network name (SSID, 2.4G) : edimax.setup

Wi-Fi password : 12345678

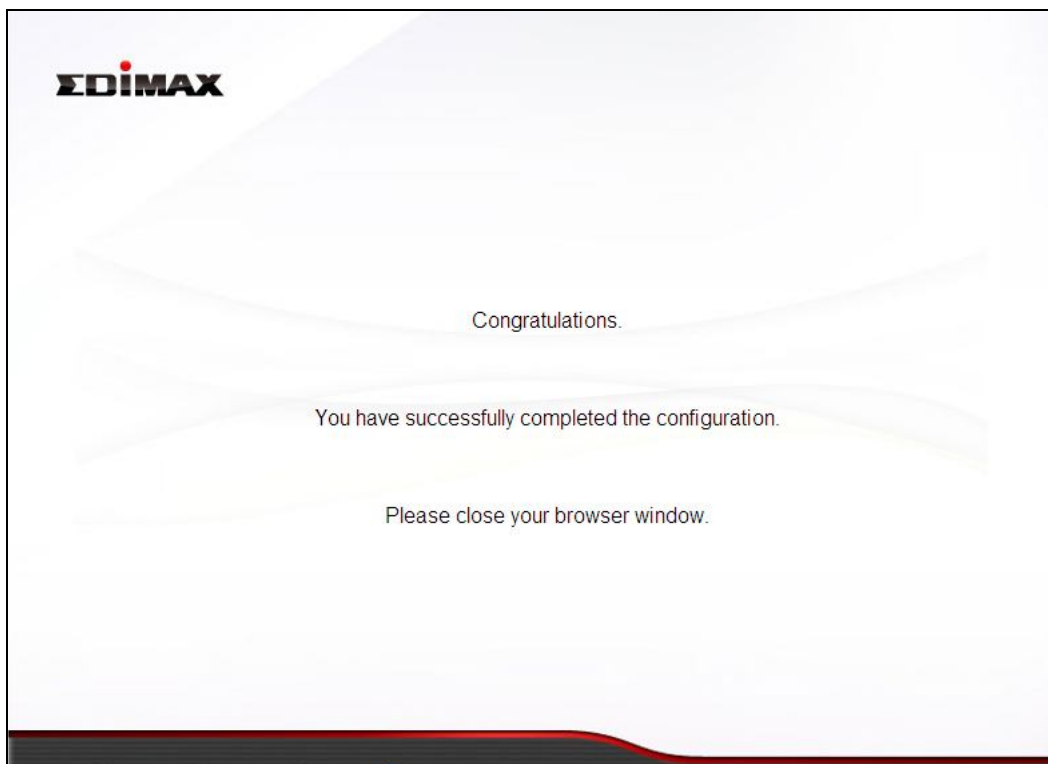
Network name (SSID, 5G) : edimax.setup

Wi-Fi password : 12345678

Backup this configuration

Back Next

8. You will see a final “Congratulations” screen and configuration is now complete. Please close your browser window.



III-2. Manual Setup via Web Browser

1. Enter “192.168.2.1” in the web browser’s address bar and press “Enter”.



2. Input the username “admin” and the password “1234” and click “OK”..



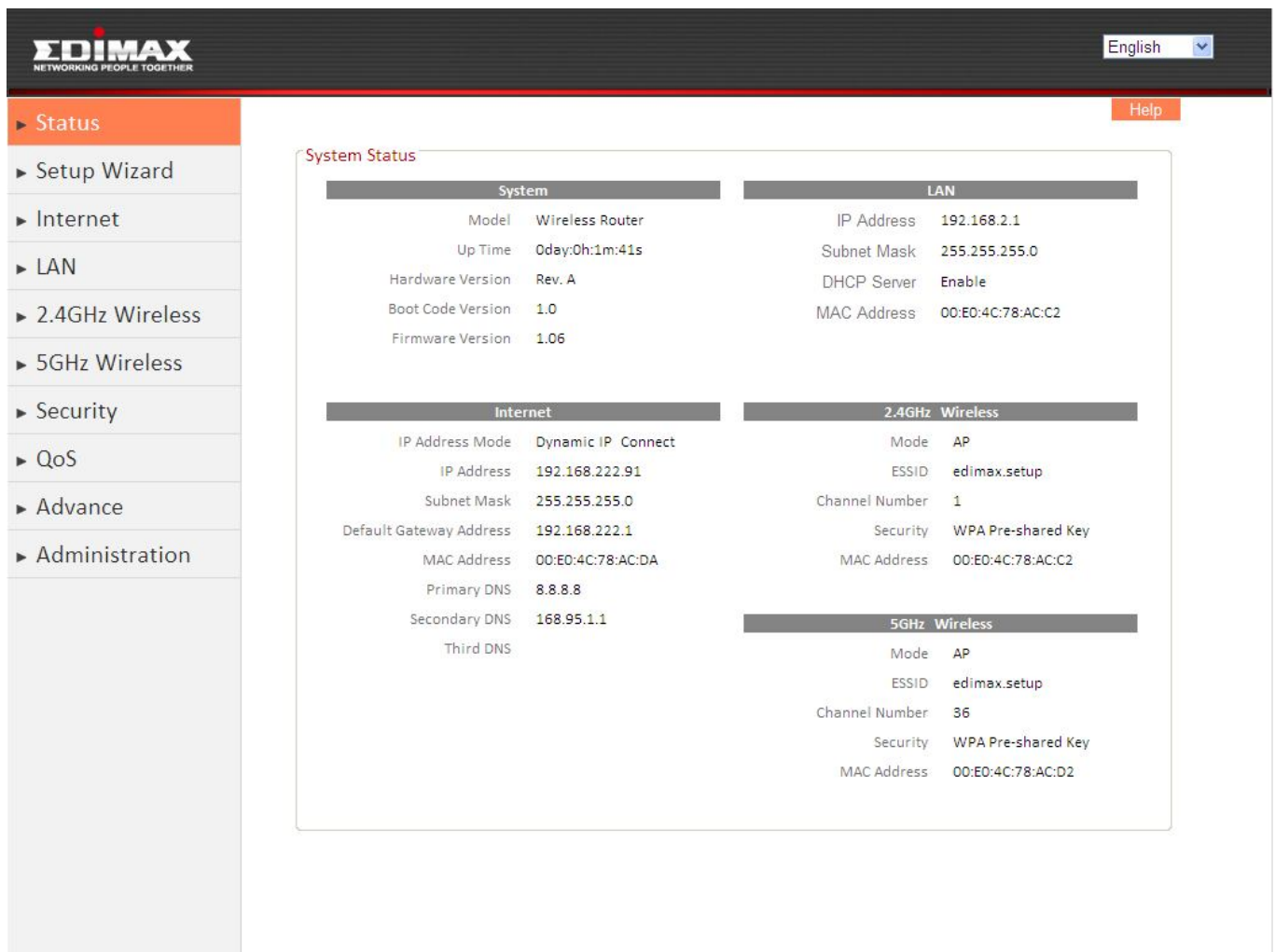
3. Input the username “admin” and the password “1234” and click “OK”. You will arrive the at Status page, use the menu on the left side of the screen to navigate. You can also change the language using the drop down menu in the top right corner. Refer to **IV. BROWSER BASED CONFIGURATION INTERFACE.**

IV. BROWSER BASED CONFIGURATION INTERFACE

Once you have setup the router as detailed in **III-1. iQ Setup** or the included **QIG**, you can further configure the settings of the router or run iQ Setup again using the browser based configuration interface. If you prefer, you can also skip iQ Setup and configure the router manually.

IV-1. Status

The Status page shows the basic status and information of the router.



The screenshot displays the EDIMAX router's configuration interface. The top left features the EDIMAX logo and tagline "NETWORKING PEOPLE TOGETHER". The top right shows a language dropdown set to "English" and a "Help" button. A left-hand navigation menu includes: Status (selected), Setup Wizard, Internet, LAN, 2.4GHz Wireless, 5GHz Wireless, Security, QoS, Advance, and Administration. The main content area is titled "System Status" and is divided into several sections:

- System:**
 - Model: Wireless Router
 - Up Time: Oday:0h:1m:41s
 - Hardware Version: Rev. A
 - Boot Code Version: 1.0
 - Firmware Version: 1.06
- LAN:**
 - IP Address: 192.168.2.1
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - DHCP Server: Enable
 - MAC Address: 00:E0:4C:78:AC:C2
- Internet:**
 - IP Address Mode: Dynamic IP Connect
 - IP Address: 192.168.222.91
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - Default Gateway Address: 192.168.222.1
 - MAC Address: 00:E0:4C:78:AC:DA
 - Primary DNS: 8.8.8.8
 - Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1
 - Third DNS:
- 2.4GHz Wireless:**
 - Mode: AP
 - ESSID: edimax.setup
 - Channel Number: 1
 - Security: WPA Pre-shared Key
 - MAC Address: 00:E0:4C:78:AC:C2
- 5GHz Wireless:**
 - Mode: AP
 - ESSID: edimax.setup
 - Channel Number: 36
 - Security: WPA Pre-shared Key
 - MAC Address: 00:E0:4C:78:AC:D2



Note: Screenshots shown in this manual are examples. The information you see on your screen will be unique to your configuration.

IV-2. Setup Wizard

To perform iQ Setup again and reconfigure the router, select "Setup Wizard" from the menu on the left side.

You will see the screen below. Please refer back to **III-I iQ Setup** onwards for guidance on iQ Setup.

The screenshot shows the EDIMAX web interface. The top navigation bar includes the EDIMAX logo and a language dropdown set to 'English'. A left sidebar contains menu items: Status, Setup Wizard (highlighted with a red dashed circle), Internet, LAN, 2.4GHz Wireless, 5GHz Wireless, Security, QoS, Advance, and Administration. The main content area is titled 'System Status' and contains several tables of configuration data.

System	
Model	Wireless Router
Up Time	Oday:0h:1m:41s
Hardware Version	Rev. A
Boot Code Version	1.0
Firmware Version	1.06

LAN	
IP Address	192.168.2.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server	Enable
MAC Address	00:E0:4C:78:AC:C2

Internet	
IP Address Mode	Dynamic IP Connect
IP Address	192.168.222.91
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway Address	192.168.222.1
MAC Address	00:E0:4C:78:AC:DA
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8
Secondary DNS	168.95.1.1
Third DNS	

2.4GHz Wireless	
Mode	AP
ESSID	edimax.setup
Channel Number	1
Security	WPA Pre-shared Key
MAC Address	00:E0:4C:78:AC:C2

5GHz Wireless	
Mode	AP
ESSID	edimax.setup
Channel Number	36
Security	WPA Pre-shared Key
MAC Address	00:E0:4C:78:AC:D2

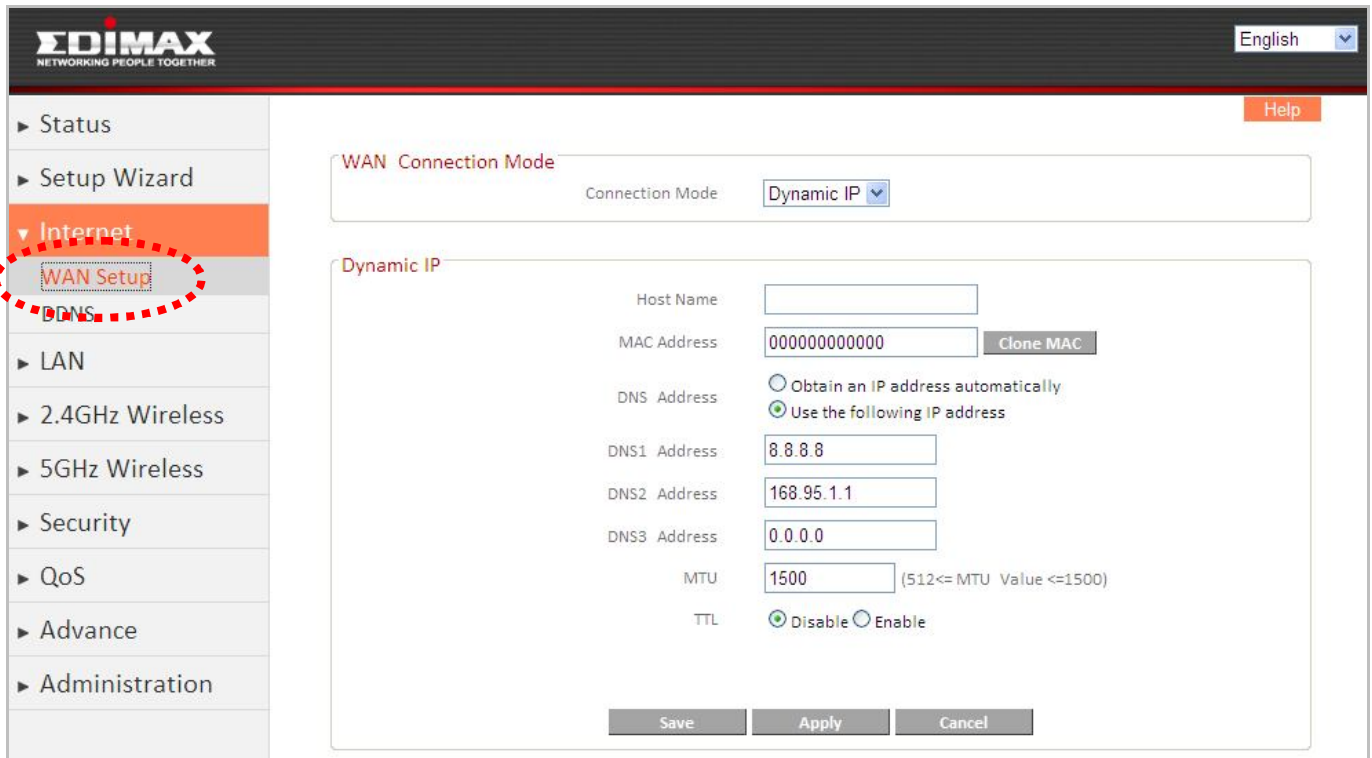
IV-3. Internet

IV-3-1. WAN Setup

Select a Wide Area Network (WAN) connection mode from the drop down menu. After you select your connection mode and complete the configuration, the router will restart for the changes to take effect.



Note: *If you are not sure which WAN connection mode you should use, please contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP).*



Dynamic IP	Select "Dynamic IP" if your Internet Service Provider assigns an IP address to you automatically using DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) (e.g. cable internet providers).
Static IP	Select "Static IP" if your ISP provides you with a fixed IP address.
PPPoE	Select "PPPoE" if your ISP provides internet access via Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) (usually ADSL users).
PPTP	Select "PPTP" if your ISP provides internet access via Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP).
L2TP	Select "L2TP" if your ISP provides internet access via Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)
WISP	Select "WISP" if your ISP provides wireless internet access.

IV-3-1-1. Dynamic IP

WAN Connection Mode

Connection Mode **Dynamic IP**

Dynamic IP

Host Name

MAC Address **Clone MAC**

DNS Address Obtain an IP address automatically
 Use the following IP address

DNS1 Address

DNS2 Address

DNS3 Address

MTU (512<= MTU Value <=1500)

TTL Disable Enable

Save **Apply** **Cancel**

Host Name	Input the host name of your computer (only required if your ISP instructs you to do so).
MAC Address	If your ISP only permits computers with certain MAC addresses to access the internet, input the MAC address of your computer here. If your computer is connected to internet via cable modem, click “Clone Mac address” to enter the MAC address automatically.
DNS address	Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” or “Use the following IP address”. If you choose “Use the following IP address”, you will need to complete the “DNS1 Address”, “DNS2 Address” and “DNS3 Address” fields below.
DNS1	Input the address of DNS1 assigned by your ISP.
DNS2	Input the address of DNS2 assigned by your ISP.
DNS3	Input the address of DNS3 assigned by your ISP.
MTU	Input the MTU (maximum transmission unit) value of your network connection. The default value, which is typical for a dynamic IP or static IP, is 1500.
TTL	Enable the “TTL” function if your ISP requires you to do so.

Most Dynamic IPs assigned to users by ISPs are configuration free

IV-3-1-2. Static IP

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "WAN Connection Mode". The "Connection Mode" dropdown is set to "Static IP". Below this, the "Static IP" section contains the following fields and controls:

- Fixed IP: IP Address: 172.1.1.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0
- Default Gateway Address: 172.1.1.254
- MAC Address: 000000000000 (with a "Clone MAC" button)
- DNS1 Address: 0.0.0.0
- DNS2 Address: 0.0.0.0
- DNS3 Address: 0.0.0.0
- MTU: 1500 (with a note: (512<= MTU Value <=1500))
- TTL: Disable Enable

At the bottom of the form are three buttons: "Save", "Apply", and "Cancel".

-
- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| IP Address | Input the static IP address assigned by your ISP. |
| Subnet Mask | Input the subnet mask assigned by your ISP. |
| Default Gateway Address | Input the default gateway address assigned by your ISP. |
| MAC Address | If your ISP only permits computers with certain MAC addresses to access the internet, input the MAC address of your computer here. If your computer is connected to internet via cable modem, click "Clone Mac address" to enter the MAC address automatically. |
| DNS1 | Input the address of DNS1 assigned by your ISP. |
| DNS2 | Input the address of DNS2 assigned by your ISP. |
| DNS3 | Input the address of DNS3 assigned by your ISP. |
| MTU | Input the MTU (maximum transmission unit) |

value of your network connection. The default value, which is typical for a dynamic IP or static IP, is 1500.

TTL

Enable the “TTL” function if your ISP requires you to do so.

IV-3-1-3. PPPoE

WAN Connection Mode

Connection Mode **PPPoE**

PPPoE

User Name

Password

MAC Address **Clone MAC**

DNS Address Obtain an IP address automatically
 Use the following IP address

DNS1 Address

DNS2 Address

DNS3 Address

TTL Disable Enable

Server Name

MTU (512<= MTU Value <=1492)

Connection Type **Continuous** **Connect** **Disconnect**

Idle Time Out (1-1000 minutes)

Enable Dual Wan Access :

IGMP Source ETH PPP

Save **Apply** **Cancel**

User Name

Enter the user name assigned by your ISP.

Password

Enter the password assigned by your ISP.

MAC Address

If your ISP only permits computers with certain MAC addresses to access the internet, input the MAC address of your computer here. If your computer is connected to internet via cable modem, click “Clone Mac address” to enter the MAC address automatically.

DNS address	Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” or “Use the following IP address”. If you choose “Use the following IP address”, you will need to complete the “DNS1 Address”, “DNS2 Address” and “DNS3 Address” fields below.
DNS1	Input the address of DNS1 assigned by your ISP.
DNS2	Input the address of DNS2 assigned by your ISP.
DNS3	Input the address of DNS3 assigned by your ISP.
TTL	Enable the “TTL” function if your ISP requires you to do so.
Service Name	Input the Service Name assigned by your ISP.
MTU	Input the MTU (maximum transmission unit) value of your network connection. The default value is 1392. Typical values for ADSL are 1392 or 1492.
Connection Type	Select connection type from: “Continuous” – always connected. “Connect on Demand” – connect when required. “Manual” – connect and disconnect manually.
Idle Time Out	For “Connect on Demand” connection type, specify the length of inactivity required to disconnect.

Enable Dual Wan Access

If your ISP provides a dual-WAN service, then check the box “Enable Dual Wan Access” and enter the required information.

Enable Dual Wan Access :

IGMP Source ETH PPP

Dynamic IP Static IP

Host Name

MAC Address

IV-3-1-4. PPTP/L2TP

Fields for PPTP and L2TP connections are the same – PPTP is used as an example below.

WAN Connection Mode

Connection Mode

PPTP

Obtain an IP address automatically :

Host Name

MAC Address

Use the following IP address :

Static IP Address

Subnet Mask

Default Gateway Address

MAC Address

DNS Address Obtain an IP address automatically
 Use the following IP address

DNS1 Address

DNS2 Address

DNS3 Address

Enable Dual Wan Access :

IGMP Source ETH PPP

PPTP Settings :

User ID

Password

PPTP Gateway

Connection ID (Optional)

MTU (512<= MTU Value <=1492)

BEZEQ-ISRAEL Enable (for use with BEZEQ network in Israel only)

Connection Type

Idle Time Out (1-1000 minutes)

Obtain an IP address automatically:

Host Name Input the host name of your computer (only required if your ISP instructs you to do so).

MAC Address If your ISP only permits computers with certain MAC

addresses to access the internet, input the MAC address of your computer here. If your computer is connected to internet via cable modem, click “Clone Mac address” to enter the MAC address automatically.

Use the following IP address:

Static IP Address	Input the static IP address assigned by your ISP.
Subnet Mask	Input the subnet mask assigned by your ISP.
Default Gateway Address	Input the default gateway address assigned by your ISP.
MAC Address	If your ISP only permits computers with certain MAC addresses to access the internet, input the MAC address of your computer here. If your computer is connected to internet via cable modem, click “Clone Mac address” to enter the MAC address automatically.
DNS address	Select “Obtain an IP address automatically” or “Use the following IP address”. If you choose “Use the following IP address”, you will need to complete the “DNS1 Address”, “DNS2 Address” and “DNS3 Address” fields below.
DNS1	Input the address of DNS1 assigned by your ISP.
DNS2	Input the address of DNS2 assigned by your ISP.
DNS3	Input the address of DNS3 assigned by your ISP.

Enable Dual Wan Access:

If your ISP provides a dual-WAN service, then check the box “Enable Dual Wan Access” and enter the required information.

PPTP Setting:

User ID	Input the user ID assigned by your ISP.
Password	Input the password assigned by your ISP.
PPTP Gateway	Input the PPTP gateway assigned by your ISP.
Connection ID	Input the connection ID assigned by your ISP. (usually not use)
MTU	Input the MTU (maximum transmission unit) value of your network connection. The default value is 1392.
Connection Type	Select connection type from:

Idle Time Out “Continuous” – always connected.
 “Connect on Demand” – connect when required.
 “Manual” – connect and disconnect manually.
 For “Connect on Demand” connection type, specify the length of inactivity required to disconnect.

BEZEQ-ISRAEL Check this box to enable use with the BEZEQ network in Israel.

IV-3-1-5. WISP

Select “Enable” or “Disable” to enable/disable the WISP function accordingly.

- ESSID Enter the ESSID of the WISP network, or click “Select Site Survey” to view all available networks and select the WISP network.
- Site Survey Select “2.4G” or “5G” to specify the 2.4GHz or 5GHz frequency band for the site survey.
- Channel Number Enter the channel number of the WISP network.
- Encryption If your WISP service uses encryption, select “Enable” from the drop down menu and enter the appropriate information.

IV-3-2. DDNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a service which provides a hostname-to-IP service for dynamic IP users. The changing nature of dynamic IPs means that it can be

difficult to access a service provided by a dynamic IP user; a DDNS service though can map such dynamic IP addresses to a fixed hostname, for easier access. The router supports several DDNS service providers, for more details and to register for a DDNS account please visit the DDNS providers website(s), examples of which are listed below.

Enable/Disable	Select “Enable” or “Disable” to enable/disable DDNS.
Provider	Select DDNS service provider.
Domain Name	Enter the domain name provided by the DDNS provider.
Account/E-Mail	Please enter the Account or Email which has been applied from DDNS provider.
Password/Key	Please enter the Password or Key which has been applied from DDNS provider.

This router supports the following DDNS services:

- 3322 <http://www.3322.org>
- DHS <http://www.dhs.org>
- DynDNS <http://www.dyndns.org>
- ODS <http://ods.org>
- TZO <http://www.tzo.com>
- GnuDIP <http://gnudip2.sourceforge.net>
- DyNS <http://www.dyns.cx/>
- ZoneEdit <http://www.zoneedit.com>
- DHIS <http://www.dhis.org/>
- CyberGate <http://cybergate.planex.co.jp/ddns/>
- NS2GO <http://www.ns2go.com/>
- NO-IP <http://www.noip.com/>

IV-4. LAN

Here you can configure your Local Area Network (LAN). You can enable the router to dynamically allocate IP addresses to your LAN clients, and you can modify the IP address of the router.

LAN IP

IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.2.1"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
802.1d Spanning Tree	<input type="button" value="Disable"/>
DHCP Server	<input type="button" value="Enable"/>
Lease Time	<input type="button" value="Forever"/>

DHCP Server

Start IP	<input type="text" value="192.168.2.100"/>
End IP	<input type="text" value="192.168.2.200"/>
Domain Name	<input type="text"/>

Static DHCP Lease Table

Only 16 sets of addresses are allowed.

NO.	MAC Address	IP Address	Select
-----	-------------	------------	--------

Enable Static DHCP Leases

IP Address	Specify an IP address here. This IP address will be assigned to your router and will replace the default IP address.
Subnet Mask	Specify a subnet mask – the default value is 255.255.255.0
802.1d Spanning Tree	Select “Enable” or “Disable” to enable/disable 802.1d Spanning Tree. This creates a tree of connected layer-2 bridges (typically Ethernet switches) within a mesh network, and disables those links that are not part of the tree, leaving

DHCP Server	a single active path between any two network nodes. Select “Enable” or “Disable” to enable/disable DHCP server accordingly.
Lease Time	Select a lease time for the DHCP leases here. The DHCP client will obtain a new IP address after the period expires. If there are less than 30 computers connected to the router, you can select “Forever”.
Start IP	Input the start IP address for the DHCP server’s IP address leases.
End IP	Input the end IP address for the DHCP server’s address leases.
Domain Name	Input the end IP address for the DHCP server’s address leases.
Enable Static DHCP Leases	Check this box to enable static DHCP leases (up to 16 leases).

IV-5. 2.4GHz Wireless

You can setup the 2.4GHz wireless LAN connection on this page.

The screenshot displays the Edimax router's configuration interface for the 2.4GHz wireless network. The left sidebar shows navigation options like Status, Setup Wizard, Internet, LAN, 2.4GHz Wireless (selected), 5GHz Wireless, Security, QoS, Advance, and Administration. The main content area is divided into two sections: Basic Settings and Wireless Security. In the Basic Settings section, the 'Disable Wireless' checkbox is unchecked. The Mode is set to 'AP', the Band is '2.4 GHz (b+g+n)', the Wireless Network Name (ESSID) is 'edimax.setup', Broadcast ESSID is 'Enable', Channel Number is 'Auto', and there is a 'Show list' button for Wireless Clients. The Wireless Security section shows Encryption set to 'WPA Pre-shared Key', WPA Unicast Cipher Suite set to 'WPA2 (AES)', Pre-shared Key Format set to 'Passphrase', and the Pre-shared Key field is masked with dots. A 'Hide' checkbox is checked. At the bottom, there are 'Save', 'Apply', and 'Cancel' buttons.

IV-5-1. Basic Settings

Basic Settings

Disable Wireless

Mode: AP

Band: 2.4 GHz (b+g+n)

Wireless Network Name (ESSID): edimax.setup

Broadcast ESSID: Enable Disable

Channel Number: Auto

Wireless Clients:

Wireless Security

Encryption: WPA Pre-shared Key

WPA Unicast Cipher Suite: WPA (TKIP) WPA2 (AES) WPA2 Mixed

Pre-shared Key Format: Passphrase

Pre-shared Key: ●●●●●● Hide

Mode	Select a mode from the drop down menu: AP, Station-Infrastructure, AP Bridge-Point to Point, AP Bridge-Point to Multi-Point, AP Bridge-WDS, Universal Repeater.
Wireless Standard	Select a wireless standard from: 2.4GHz(b+g+n) 2.4GHz(b) 2.4GHz(g) 2.4GHz(n) 2.4GHz(b+g)
Wireless Network name	Specify a name for your router/wireless network for identification. The default ESSID is name “edimax.setup”.
Broadcast ESSID	Select “Enable” or Disable” to enable or disable ESSID broadcast accordingly. When enabled, the ESSID will be visible as an available Wi-Fi network. When disabled, the ESSID will still be available but not visible.

Channel Number

Select a channel number or set to “Auto”. North America uses channels 1–11 and Europe uses channels 1–13.

Wireless Clients

Click the “Show List” button to show the list of all connected wireless clients. Click “Refresh” in the new window to refresh the list or click “Close” to close the window.

Active Wireless Client Table

This table shows the MAC address, transmission and reception packet counters for each associated wireless client.

MAC Address	802.11 PhyMode	Tx Packets	Rx Packets	Tx Rate (Mbps)	Power Saving	Expired Time (s)
00:1b:77:51:d9:26	11g	9728	48	36	yes	300

Encryption

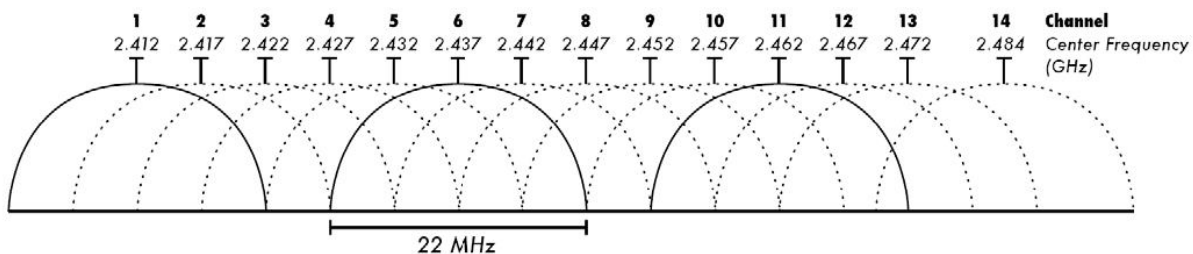
Select an encryption type from the drop down menu. “WPA Pre-shared Key” is recommended. Refer to the following pages for more details on each encryption type.

Wireless Standard - IEEE 802.11b/g/n

For best performance, 2.4GHz(b+g+n) is recommended for indoor environments. For long distance data transmission, 2.4GHz(11b) is recommended.

Channel Number

Channel numbers vary depending on your country. The table below is intended as a guide if you wish to manually set the channel number for the 2.4GHz network.



Channel	Frequency (MHz)	China	North America	Europe	Japan	Australia	Israel
1	2412	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
2	2417	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
3	2422	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
4	2427	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

5	2432	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
6	2437	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
7	2442	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
8	2447	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
9	2452	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
10	2457	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
11	2462	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
12	2467	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N
13	2472	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N
14	2484	N	N	N	Only 802.11b	N	N

IV-5-1-1. Wireless Security

WPA Pre-shared key is the recommended and most secure encryption type.

IV-5-1-1-1. WEP

Key Length	Select 64-bit or 128bit. Using 128-bit is more secure than 64-bit.
Key Format	Choose from ASCII or Hex.
Default Tx Key	You can set up to four sets of WEP keys, and select which is used as the default. The default value is “Key 1”.
Encryption Key	Enter 4 sets of encryption keys here.
Enable 802.1x Authentication	Enable/disable 802.1x user authentication.

IV-5-1-1-2. WPA pre-shared key

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless Security' configuration page. Under the 'Encryption' section, 'WPA Pre-shared Key' is selected in a dropdown menu. Below this, there are three radio button options for 'WPA Unicast Cipher Suite': 'WPA (TKIP)', 'WPA2 (AES)' (which is selected), and 'WPA2 Mixed'. The 'Pre-shared Key Format' is set to 'Passphrase' in a dropdown menu. At the bottom, there is a text input field for the 'Pre-shared Key' containing several dots, and a 'Hide' checkbox which is checked.

WPA Unicast Cipher Suite	Select from WPA (TKIP), WPA2 (AES) or WPA2 Mixed. WPA2 (AES) is safer than WPA (TKIP), but not supported by all
--------------------------	---

wireless clients. Please make sure your wireless client supports your selection. WPA2 (AES) is recommended followed by WPA2 Mixed if your client does not support WPA2 (AES).

Pre-shared key format

Select the pre-shared key format from “Passphrase” (8 to 63 alphanumerical characters) or “Hex (64 characters 0 to 9 and a to f.)

Pre-shared Key

Please enter a key according to the format you selected above. A complex, hard-to-guess key is recommended.

IV-5-1-1-3. WPA RADIUS

WPA RADIUS is a combination of WPA encryption and RADIUS user authentication. If you have a RADIUS authentication server, you can authenticate the identity of every wireless client against a user database.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Wireless Security". It contains several fields and options:

- Encryption:** A dropdown menu set to "WPA RADIUS".
- WPA Unicast Cipher Suite:** Three radio button options: "WPA (TKIP)", "WPA2 (AES)" (which is selected), and "WPA2 Mixed".
- RADIUS Server IP address:** An empty text input field.
- RADIUS Server Port:** A text input field containing the value "1812".
- RADIUS Server Password:** An empty text input field.

WPA Unicast Cipher Suite

Select from WPA (TKIP), WPA2 (AES) or WPA2 Mixed. WPA2 (AES) is safer than WPA (TKIP), but not supported by all wireless clients. Please make sure your wireless client supports your selection. WPA2 (AES) is recommended followed by WPA2 Mixed if your client does not support WPA2 (AES).

RADIUS Server IP address

Input the IP address of the RADIUS authentication server here.

RADIUS Server Port

Input the port number of the RADIUS authentication server here.

RADIUS Server Password

The default value is 1812.

Input the password of the RADIUS authentication server here.

IV-5-2. Guest Wireless Settings

Here you can setup a “Guest” wireless network which permits users to browse the Internet but doesn’t allow users to modify the router’s settings – ideal for guests in your home or office. Check the box “Enable Guest SSID” to enable this network, then enter the necessary information in the fields below.

Guest Basic Settings

Enable Guest SSID

Wireless Guest Name

Enable Wireless Clients Isolation

Band (Same as main SSID)

Channel Number (Same as main SSID)

Guest Wireless Security

Encryption

Enable 802.1x Authentication

Wireless Guest Name

Enter a name to identify the guest wireless network. The default value is “edimax.guest”.

Wireless Clients Isolation

Check the box to enable wireless clients isolation.

Band

This value is the same as for the main SSID and can not be modified.

Channel Number

This value is the same as for the main SSID and can not be modified.

Guest Wireless Security

Configure the wireless security settings for the guest network, in the same way as explained in **IV-5-1-1. Wireless Security** for the main SSID.

IV-5-3. WPS

WPS

Enable WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information :

WPS Status	Configured
Self Pin Code	29769629
SSID	edimax.setup
Authentication Mode	WPA Pre-shared Key
Authentication Key	12345678

Device Configuration :

Configuration Mode: Registrar

Configure via Push Button: Start PBC

Configure via Client Pin Code: Start PIN

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides an easy and secure way to establish the connection between BR-6478AC and wireless clients. Any WPS-compatible wireless clients can establish secure connection with BR-6478AC using simple push-button type configuration or Pin Code type configuration.

We recommend you use WPA2 encryption with WPS.

1. Ensure you have already configured SSID and WPA2 encryption settings. When you use WPS the connection will be configured according to these settings.
2. Click "Start PBC" or press the WPS button on the router.
3. Activate WPS on the wireless client within 2 minutes to establish a connection.

IV-5-4. Access Control

Access Control is a security feature that can help to prevent unauthorized users from connecting to your wireless router.

This function allows you to define a list of wireless devices permitted to connect to the router. Devices are each identified by their unique MAC address. If a device which is not on the list of permitted MAC addresses attempts to

connect to the router, it will be denied.

To enable this function, check the box labeled “Enable Access Control”.

Access Control

Enable Wireless Access Control

MAC Address: >> Comment:

MAC Address	Device Name	IP Address	Comment	Select
				<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/>

IV-5-5. Wireless Schedule

Check the box “Enable Schedule Settings” to enable a wireless schedule. A wireless schedule enables you to automate the wireless network on or off at specified times. Select days, times and commands appropriately to configure your schedule.

The router must remain connected to the internet, and be used together with an NTP Server for this feature to function correctly.

Wireless Schedule

Enable Schedule Settings

1. Weekday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday
 Thursday Friday Saturday

2. Time Hour Minute

3. Command

Weekday	Time	Command	Select

IV-6. 5GHz Wireless

Basic Settings

Disable Wireless

Mode

Band

Wireless Network Name (ESSID)

Broadcast ESSID Enable Disable

Channel Number

Wireless Clients

Wireless Security

Encryption

WPA Unicast Cipher Suite WPA (TKIP) WPA2 (AES) WPA2 Mixed

Pre-shared Key Format

Pre-shared Key Hide

2.5GHz and 5GHz are different frequency bands for your concurrent Wi-Fi networks. The configuration settings for 5GHz are the same as 2.4GHz - for more detailed guidance, please refer back to **IV-5. 2.4G Wireless**. When

selecting which wireless standard to use under “Band”, 5 GHz (A+N+AC) is recommended for best performance.

Note: It is recommended to assign different SSIDs to your 2.4GHz & 5GHz Wi-Fi networks for identification purposes.

The table below is intended as guidance if you wish to manually set a channel number for the 5GHz Wi-Fi network.

Channel	頻率 (MHz)	USA	Europe	Japan		Singapore	China	Taiwan
		20 MHz	20 MHz	20 MHz	10 MHz	20 MHz	20 MHz	20MHz
7	5035	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
8	5040	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
9	5045	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
11	5055	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
12	5060	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
16	5080	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
34	5170	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
36	5180	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
38	5190	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
40	5200	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
42	5210	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
44	5220	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
46	5230	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
48	5240	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
52	5260	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
56	5280	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
60	5300	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
64	5320	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
100	5500	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
104	5520	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
108	5540	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
112	5560	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
116	5580	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
120	5600	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
124	5620	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

128	5640	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
132	5660	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
136	5680	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
140	5700	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
149	5745	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
153	5765	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
157	5785	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
161	5805	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
165	5825	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
183	4915	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
184	4920	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
185	4925	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
187	4935	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
188	4940	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
189	4945	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
192	4960	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
196	4980	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No

IV-7. Security

The BR-6478AC's security features provide two functions, "URL Blocking" and "Access Control". "URL Blocking" allows Internet content to be blocked by URL or keyword, while "Access Control" enables you to specify which computer's can or cannot access your network, identified by IP or MAC address.

IV-7-1. URL Blocking

This feature can restrict access to specified websites for computers on your local network, for example as a parental control function.

Check the "Enable URL Blocking" box to enable the function. You can block specific websites or URLs containing a specified keyword. Input the URL/IP address/host name of a website, or your chosen keyword, into the URL/Keyword box field and click "Add".

Blocking / Filtering

Blocking / Filtering URL Blocking

URL Blocking

Enable URL Blocking

URL / Keyword : Add Clear

NO.	URL / Keyword	Select
		Delete Selected Delete All

Apply

IV-7-2. Access Control

Access Control is a security feature that can help to prevent unauthorized users from connecting to your wireless router.

This function allows you to define a list of wireless devices permitted or not permitted to connect to the router, identified by their unique MAC address or IP address. If a device which is not on the list of permitted MAC or IP addresses attempts to connect to the travel router, it will be denied.

To enable MAC filtering, check the box labeled “Enable Mac Filtering”.

To enable IP filtering, check the box labeled “Enable IP Filtering”.

Blocking / Filtering

Blocking / Filtering Access Control

Access Control

Enable MAC Filtering : Deny Allow

Client PC	MAC Address	Computer Name	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< ---- Select---- >>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/>		<input type="button" value="Clear"/>	

MAC Filtering Table :

NO	Computer Name	Client PC	MAC Address	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/>					<input type="button" value="Delete All"/>

Enable IP Filtering Table : Deny Allow

IP Filtering Table :

NO	Client PC	Description	Client PC	IP Address	Client Service	Protocol	Port Range	Select
<input type="button" value="Add PC"/>							<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete All"/>

Enable MAC Filtering Table:

Choose “Deny” or “Allow” next to “Enable MAC Filtering”, to deny or allow a specific MAC address accordingly, then enter the required information.

Enable IP Filtering Table:

Choose “Deny” or “Allow” next to “Enable MAC Filtering”, to deny or allow a specific IP address accordingly, then enter the required information.

IV-8. QoS (Quality of Service)

IV-8-1. QoS

Quality of service (QoS) is a function which allows you to allocate a certain amount of bandwidth to specific computer. This can ensure that applications which require guaranteed bandwidth e.g. video conference or network telephone applications, are able to function properly and without interruption. Conversely, you can also limit the maximum bandwidth available to a specific computer or application.

Check the “Enable QoS” box to enable this function and then enter the desired values.

The screenshot shows a QoS configuration window. At the top left, there is a checkbox labeled "Enable QoS". Below it, there are two input fields: "Total Download Bandwidth" and "Total Upload Bandwidth", both containing the value "0" and followed by "kbits". Below these fields is a section titled "Current QoS Table :". This section contains a table with the following columns: "Priority", "Rule Name", "Upload Bandwidth", "Download Bandwidth", and "Select". Below the table are several buttons: "Add", "Edit", "Delete Selected", "Delete All", "Move Up", and "Move Down". At the bottom of the window are three buttons: "Save", "Apply", and "Clear".

Total Download Bandwidth

Set the limit of total download bandwidth in kbits. To disable download bandwidth limitation, input “0” here.

Total Upload Bandwidth

Set the limit of total upload bandwidth in kbits. To disable upload bandwidth limitation, input “0” here.

Current QoS Table

The current QoS rule table.

When you assign a particular bandwidth guarantee/limit to a specific computer, it is known as a rule. Existing rules will be listed in the table “Current QoS Table”.

QoS Rule settings :

Click “Add” and to create a new rule in a new window.

QoS

This page allows users to add/modify the QoS rule's settings.

Rule Name

Bandwidth kbits

Local IP Address -

Local Port Range

Remote IP Address -

Remote Port Range

Traffic Type

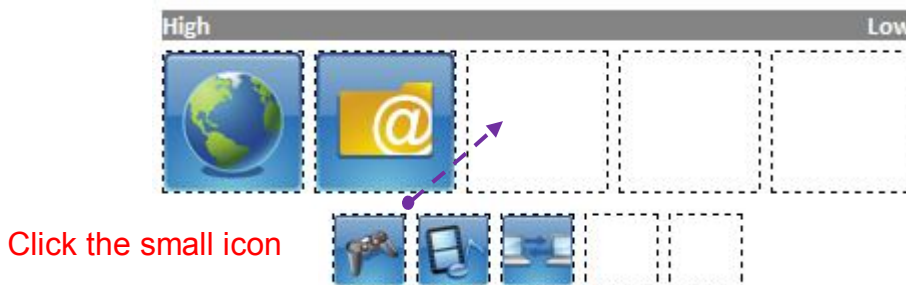
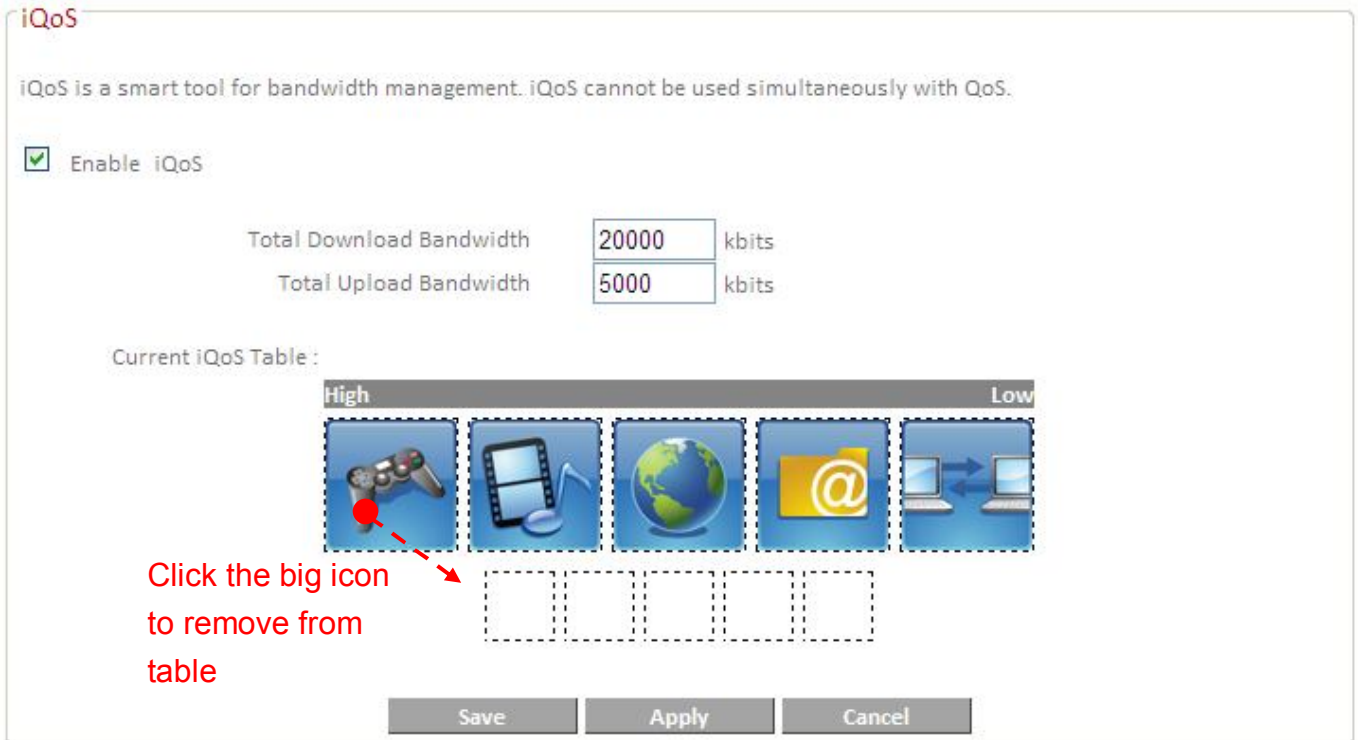
Protocol

Rule Name	Input a unique name for this QoS rule for reference.
Bandwidth	Download/upload bandwidth (guarantee or maximum).
Local IP Address	Set the IP address range that will be affected by this QoS rule. If only one IP address is involved, input the IP address in the left field only.
Local Port Range	Set the port range that will activate this QoS rule. If only one port is involved, input a single number here (1 to 65535); if multiple ports are involved, input starting/ending port number in x-y format (e.g. 10-20).
Remote IP Address	Set remote IP addresses that will trigger this QoS rule (if only one IP address is involved, input the IP address in the left field only).
Remote Port Range	Set the remote port range that will activate this QoS rule.
Traffic Type	If you're creating a QoS rule for a specific type of traffic, select it from this menu and a port range (above) is not required.
Protocol	Select the protocol type here (TCP or UDP).

IV-8-2. iQoS

iQoS is a more intuitive and automated tool to manage internet bandwidth than manually configuring the settings using QoS. For online gamers, or users with bandwidth requirements for audio/video, iQoS is useful and effective function.

iQoS cannot be used in conjunction with QoS and vice-versa. When one is enabled, the other is automatically disabled.



Check the box "Enable iQoS" to enable this feature. Specify the total upload and download bandwidth and then arrange the network application icons in priority order. Network applications are grouped into the following five categories:



Internet
Browsing



P2P/ BT
Download



FTP



Multimedia
Transmission



Online
Gaming

The priority table (large icons) is ordered from left to right, high to low priority. Double click a large icon to remove it from the priority table, and the other large icons will move left. Double click a small icon to insert the icon to the highest priority vacancy in the table. All spaces in the priority table must be filled.

IV-9. Advanced

IV-9-1. Static Routing

Static routing is a method of configuring path selection of routers, characterized by the absence of communication between routers regarding the current topology of the network. The opposite of static routing is dynamic routing, sometimes also referred to as adaptive routing.

You can configure static routing and manually add routes to the routing table on this page.

Static Routing

Enable Static Routing

Destination LAN IP	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Hop Count	Interface
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	LAN ▼

Current Static Routing Table :

NO	Destination LAN IP	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Hop Count	Interface	Select

IV-9-2. Port Forwarding

This function allows you to redirect a single port or consecutive ports of an internet IP address to the same port of a local IP address. The port number(s) of the internet IP address and local IP address must be the same.

If the port number of the internet IP address and local IP address is different, please use the “Virtual Server” function instead.

Port Forwarding

Enable Port Forwarding

Private IP	Computer Name	Type	Port Range	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<< ----Select---- ▾	Both ▾	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Current Port Forwarding Table :

NO	Computer Name	Private IP	Type	Port Range	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/>						

Private IP	Enter the IP address of the computer on the local network.
Computer Name	Windows computers on the local network will be listed here – select a computer from the list and click << to automatically add the IP address to the “Private IP” field.
Type	Select the type of connection, “TCP”, “UDP” or “Both”.
Port Range	Input the starting port number in the left field, and input the ending port number in the right field. If you only want to redirect a single port number, only enter a port number in the left field.
Comment	Enter a comment for reference or identification.

IV-9-3. Virtual Server

This function allows you to set up an internet service on a local computer, without exposing the local computer to the internet. You can also build various sets of port redirection, to provide various internet services on different local computers via a single internet IP address.

Virtual Server

Enable Virtual Server

Private IP	Computer Name	Private Port	Type	Public Port	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<< ----Select---- ▾	<input type="text"/>	Both ▾	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Current Virtual Server Table :

NO	Computer Name	Private IP	Private Port	Type	Public Port	Comment	Select
							<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/>

-
- | | |
|---------------|--|
| Private IP | Specify the IP address of the computer on your local network. |
| Computer Name | Select the name of a Windows computer from the drop-down menu and click << to auto-input its IP address in the “Private IP” field. |
| Private Port | Specify the private port you wish to use on the computer in your local network. |
| Type | Select the type of Internet Protocol. |
| Public Port | Specify a public port to access the computer on your local network. |
| Comment | Enter a comment for reference or identification. |
-

IV-9-4. 2.4GHz Wireless

These settings are for experienced users only. Please do not change any of the values on this page unless you are already familiar with these functions.

2.4GHz Wireless

Wireless Module	Enable
Fragment Threshold	<input type="text" value="2346"/> (256-2346)
RTS Threshold	<input type="text" value="2347"/> (0-2347)
Beacon Interval	<input type="text" value="100"/> (20-1024 ms)
DTIM Period	<input type="text" value="3"/> (1-10)
Data Rate	Auto ▾
N Data Rate	Auto ▾
Channel Width	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto 20/40 MHz <input type="radio"/> 20 MHz
Preamble Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Short Preamble <input type="radio"/> Long Preamble
Broadcast Essid	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
CTS Protect	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto <input type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> None
Tx Power	<input type="text" value="100 %"/> ▾
WMM	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable

Save

Apply

Cancel

Fragment Threshold	Set the Fragment threshold of the wireless radio. (Default: 2346)
RTS Threshold	Set the RTS threshold of the wireless radio. (Default: 2347)
Beacon Interval	Set the beacon interval of the wireless radio. (Default: 100ms)
DTIM Period	Set the DTIM period of wireless radio. (Default: 3)
Data Rate	Set the wireless data transfer rate. (Default: Auto)
MSC index	Set the MSC index value. (Default: Auto)
Channel Width	Set the wireless channel width of the 2.4GHz wireless.
Preamble Type	Set the wireless radio preamble type
Broadcast ESSID	Enable or disable broadcast ESSID.
CTS Protect	Enabling this setting will reduce the chance of radio signal collisions between 802.11b and 802.11g wireless access points. It's recommended to set this option to "Auto".
Tx Power	Set the output power of the wireless radio.
WMM	Enable or disable WMM.

IV-9-5. 5GHz Wireless

These settings are for experienced users only. Please do not change any of the values on this page unless you are already familiar with these functions. Please refer back to **IV-9-4. 2.4GHz Wireless.**

Wireless Module	Enable
Fragment Threshold	<input type="text" value="2346"/> (256-2346)
RTS Threshold	<input type="text" value="2347"/> (0-2347)
Beacon Interval	<input type="text" value="100"/> (20-1024 ms)
DTIM Period	<input type="text" value="3"/> (1-10)
Data Rate	Auto <input type="button" value="v"/>
N Data Rate	Auto <input type="button" value="v"/>
Channel Width	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 20/40/80 MHZ <input type="radio"/> 20/40 MHZ <input type="radio"/> 20 MHZ
Preamble Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Short Preamble <input type="radio"/> Long Preamble
Broadcast Essid	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
CTS Protect	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto <input type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> None
Tx Power	100 % <input type="button" value="v"/>
WMM	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable

IV-9-6. ALG

Application Layer Gateway (ALG) is a network security gateway which supports specific network applications such as gaming and instant messaging. ALG enables these applications to communicate with their server.

ALG

Enable	Name	Comment
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FTP	Support for FTP
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	H323	Support for H323/netmeeting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IPsec	Support for IPsec pass-through
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PPTP	Support for PPTP
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	L2TP	Support for L2TP passthrough
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SIP	SupSIP

Save

Apply

Cancel

IV-9-7. IGMP

IGMP

IGMP Snooping Enable Disable
IGMP Proxy Enable Disable

Save

Apply

Cancel

IV-9-8. DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) is an isolated area in your local network where private IP addresses are mapped to specified internet IP addresses, allowing unrestricted access to the private IP addresses but not to the wider local network.

You can define a virtual DMZ host here. This is useful for example, if a network client PC cannot run an application properly from behind an NAT firewall, since it opens the client up to unrestricted two-way access.

DMZ

Enable DMZ

Public	Client PC	Computer Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic IP <input type="text" value="Session 1"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="<<"/> <input type="text" value="----Select----"/> <input type="button" value="v"/>
<input type="radio"/> Static IP <input type="text"/>		

Current DMZ Table :

NO	Computer Name	Public IP Address	Client PC IP Address	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/>				

Public IP Address	You can select 'Dynamic IP' or 'Static IP' here. If you select 'Dynamic IP', you have to select an Internet connection session from dropdown menu; if you select 'Static IP', please input the IP address that you want to map to a specific private IP address.
Client PC IP address	Input the private IP address that the internet IP address will be mapped to.
Add	Click "Add" to add the client to the "Current DMZ Table".
Reset	Clear all values.

IV-9-9. Firewall

The router supports firewall functions which can protect your network and computer from malicious intruders.

Denial-of-Service (DoS) is a common form of malicious attack against a network. The router's firewall can protect against such attacks.

If you are not familiar with these functions, it is recommended you keep the default settings.

Firewall

The router provides stateful packet inspection (SPI) firewall protection. Only packets matching a known active connection will be allowed by the firewall; others will be rejected.

SPI firewall Enable Disable

DoS

Ping of Death Ping of Death Packet(S) Per Burst

Discard Ping From WAN

Port Scan

- NMAP FIN / URG / PSH
- Xmas tree
- Another Xmas tree
- Null scan
- SYN / RST
- SYN / FIN
- SYN (only unreachable ports)

Sync Flood Packet(S) Per Burst

Save

Apply

Cancel

Ping of Death	Specify the frequency of ping of death packets which will trigger the router's DoS protection function.
Discard Ping from WAN	Check this box and the router will not answer ping requests from the internet.
Port Scan	Intruders use "port scanners" to detect open internet IP address ports. Check each type of port scan to prevent.
Sync Flood	Specify the frequency of sync flood packets which will trigger the DoS protection function.

IV-9-10. UPnP

Universal plug-and-play (UPnP) is a set of networking protocols which enables network devices to communicate and automatically establish working configurations with each other.

UPnP

UPnP Feature Enable Disable

Save Apply Cancel

IV-10. Administration

IV-10-1. Time Zone

Time Zone

Set Time Zone (GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London

Time Server Address asia.pool.ntp.org-Asia 59.124.196.83 Manual IP Setting

Daylight Savings Enable Function
 January 1 To January 1

Save Apply Cancel

Set Time Zone	Select the time zone of your country or region.
Time Server Address	The travel router supports NTP (Network Time Protocol) for automatic time and date setup. Input the host name or IP address of the IP server manually.
Daylight Saving	If your country/region uses daylight saving time, please check the “Enable Function” box, and select the start and end date.

IV-10-2. Password

You can change the password used to login to the browser-based configuration interface here. It is advised to do so for security purposes.

Password

Current Password

New Password

Confirmed Password

Current Password	Enter your current password.
New Password	Enter your new password.
Confirmed Password	Confirm your new password.

IV-10-3. Remote Access

Check “Enabled” to enable the remote access feature and then input the required values.

Remote Access

Host IP Address

Port

Enabled

Host IP Address	Specify the IP address allowed remote access.
Port	Specify a port number (0–65535) used for remote access.

IV-10-4. Backup / Restore

Backup / Restore

Backup Settings

Restore Settings

Restore to Factory Default

Backup Settings

Click “Save” to save the current settings on your computer as config.bin file.

Restore Settings

Click the browse button to find a previously saved config.bin file and then click “Upload” to replace your current settings.

Restore to Factory Default

Click “Reset” to restore settings to the factory default. A pop-up window will appear and ask you to confirm and enter your log in details. Enter your username and password and click “Ok”. See below for more information.

IV-10-5. Upgrade

This page allows you to upgrade the firmware for the BR-6478AC. After the upgrade, the system will restart.

Upgrade

IV-10-6. Restart

In the event that the router malfunctions or is not responding, then it is recommended that you restart the device.

Restart

In the event that the system stops responding correctly or stops functioning, you can perform a system restart. Your settings will not be changed. To restart, click on the APPLY button below. You will be asked to confirm your decision. The restart will be complete when the Internet LED light stops blinking.

Apply

IV-10-7. Logs

Here you can view the system status/system log and security log.

System Log

System Log

```
Jan  1 00:00:16 (none) syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox v1.11.1
Feb 20 17:40:36 (none) user.debug syslog: Debu: buildIfVc: Interface lo Add:
Feb 20 17:40:36 (none) user.debug syslog: Debu: buildIfVc: Interface eth1 A:
Feb 20 17:40:36 (none) user.debug syslog: Debu: buildIfVc: Interface br0 Ad:
Feb 20 17:40:36 (none) user.notice syslog: Note: adding VIF, idx=0 Fl flags:
Feb 20 17:40:36 (none) user.notice syslog: Note: adding VIF, idx=1 Fl flags:
```

Save

Clear

Refresh

Security Log

Security Log

```
[1970-01-01 00:00:27]: start Dynamic IP
[1970-01-01 00:00:29]: [SNTP]: connect to TimeServer 59.124.196.83 ...
[2013-02-20 17:40:22]: [SNTP]: connect success!
[2013-02-20 17:40:22]: [SNTP]: set time to 2013-02-20 17:40:22
[2013-02-20 17:40:22]: [SNTP]: connect to TimeServer 59.124.196.83 ...
[2013-02-20 17:40:23]: [SNTP]: connect success!
[2013-02-20 17:40:23]: [SNTP]: set time to 2013-02-20 17:40:23
[2013-02-20 17:40:23]: [Firewall]: WAN1 IP is 192.168.222.91
[2013-02-20 17:40:23]: [Firewall]: WAN2 IP is 0.0.0.0
```

Save

Clear

Refresh

IV-10-8. Active DHCP Client

Displays the DHCP Server assigned IP address, MAC address and time for each computer or device on the local network.

Active DHCP Client

IP Address	MAC Address	Time Expired (Sec)
192.168.2.100	00:15:c5:7b:88:90	forever

Refresh

IV-10-9. Statistics

Displays sent and received packet network statistics.

Statistics

2.4GHz Wireless	Sent Packets	38
	Received Packets	17868
5GHz Wireless	Sent Packets	13
	Received Packets	77
Ethernet LAN	Sent Packets	1101
	Received Packets	1259
Ethernet WAN	Sent Packets	875
	Received Packets	1070

Refresh

V. TROUBLESHOOTING

If you are experiencing problems with your router, please refer to this troubleshooting guide before contacting your dealer of purchase for help.



Note: *If you are experiencing problems immediately after a firmware upgrade, please contact your dealer of purchase for help.*

Scenario	Solution
I can't log onto the browser-based configuration interface.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Please check that the router is correctly powered and check the LEDs on the front panel. If the router is initializing after being switched off or restarted, wait for a 2 minutes and try again. b. Make sure you are using the full, correct URL: http://edimax.setup c. If you are using a MAC or IP address filter, try to connect the router using a different computer. d. Set your computer to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP), and see if your computer can obtain an IP address.
I can't log onto the browser-based configuration interface: incorrect password.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Password is case-sensitive. Make sure the "Caps Lock" light is not illuminated. b. If you do not know your password, restore the device to factory settings.
I can't establish a connection to my router.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. If encryption is enabled, please re-check WEP or WPA passphrase settings on your wireless client. The password is case-sensitive. Make sure the "Caps Lock" light is not illuminated. b. Try moving closer to the router. c. Switch off the router and switch it back on after 10 seconds. e. Please check that the router is correctly inserted into a power socket and check the LEDs on the front panel.
File downloads are very slow or frequently interrupted.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Reset the router. b. Try again later. Your local network may be experiencing technical difficulties or very high usage.

	c. Change channel number.
The router is extremely hot.	<p>a. It is normal for the router to heat up during frequent use. If you can safely place your hand on the router, the temperature of the device is at a normal level.</p> <p>b. If you smell burning or see smoke coming from router then disconnect the extender immediately, as far as it is safely possible to do so. Call your dealer of purchase for help.</p>
My network device can't access the Internet.	<p>a. Ensure that your broadband router is fully functional.</p> <p>b. Switch off both your network device and router and switch back on again.</p> <p>c. Ensure that the router is powered on (check the PWR LED).</p>
Can I use the same SSID as my current gateway router for my Wi-Fi extender?	Yes, but it is not recommended as it will be difficult to distinguish between two SSIDs with the same name.
The date and time of event logs are incorrect.	Check the internal clock of the router and adjust if necessary.

VI. GLOSSARY

Default Gateway (Wireless bridge): Every non-access point IP device needs to configure a default gateway's IP address. When the device sends out an IP packet, if the destination is not on the same network, the device has to send the packet to its default gateway, which will then send it out towards the destination.

DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically gives every computer on your home network an IP address.

DNS Server IP Address: DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet servers to have a domain name (such as `www.Broadbandaccess point.com`) and one or more IP addresses (such as `192.34.45.8`). A DNS server keeps a database of Internet servers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing "`Broadbandaccess point.com`" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server IP address used by the computers on

your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned to you.

DSL Modem: DSL stands for Digital Subscriber Line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

Ethernet: A standard for computer networks. Ethernet networks are connected by special cables and hubs, and move data around at up to 10/100 million bits per second (Mbps).

IP Address and Network (Subnet) Mask: IP stands for Internet Protocol. An IP address consists of a series of four numbers separated by periods, that identifies a single, unique Internet computer host in an IP network. Example: 192.168.2.1. It consists of 2 portions: the IP network address, and the host identifier.

The IP address is a 32-bit binary pattern, which can be represented as four cascaded decimal numbers separated by “.”: aaa.aaa.aaa.aaa, where each “aaa” can be anything from 000 to 255, or as four cascaded binary numbers separated by “.”: bbbbbbbb.bbbbbbbb.bbbbbbbb.bbbbbbbb, where each “b” can either be 0 or 1.

A network mask is also a 32-bit binary pattern, and consists of consecutive leading 1’s followed by consecutive trailing 0’s, such as 11111111.11111111.11111111.00000000. Therefore sometimes a network mask can also be described simply as “x” number of leading 1’s.

When both are represented side by side in their binary forms, all bits in the IP address that correspond to 1’s in the network mask become part of the IP network address, and the remaining bits correspond to the host ID.

For example, if the IP address for a device is, in its binary form, 11011001.10110000.10010000.00000111, and if its network mask is, 11111111.11111111.11110000.00000000

It means the device’s network address is 11011001.10110000.10010000.00000000, and its host ID is, 00000000.00000000.00000000.00000111. This is a convenient and efficient method for access points to route IP packets to their destination.

ISP Gateway Address: (see ISP for definition). The ISP Gateway Address is an IP address for the Internet access point located at the ISP's office.

ISP: Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.

LAN: Local Area Network. A LAN is a group of computers and devices connected together in a relatively small area (such as a house or an office). Your home network is considered a LAN.

MAC Address: MAC stands for Media Access Control. A MAC address is the hardware address of a device connected to a network. The MAC address is a unique identifier for a device with an Ethernet interface. It is comprised of two parts: 3 bytes of data that corresponds to the Manufacturer ID (unique for each manufacturer), plus 3 bytes that are often used as the product's serial number.

NAT: Network Address Translation. This process allows all of the computers on your home network to use one IP address. Using the broadband access point's NAT capability, you can access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.

Port: Network Clients (LAN PC) uses port numbers to distinguish one network application/protocol over another. Below is a list of common applications and protocol/port numbers:

Application	Protocol	Port Number
Telnet	TCP	23
FTP	TCP	21
SMTP	TCP	25
POP3	TCP	110
H.323	TCP	1720
SNMP	UCP	161
SNMP Trap	UDP	162
HTTP	TCP	80
PPTP	TCP	1723
PC Anywhere	TCP	5631
PC Anywhere	UDP	5632

Access point: A access point is an intelligent network device that forwards packets between different networks based on network layer address information such as IP addresses.

Subnet Mask: A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers (e.g. 255.255.255.0) configured like an IP address. It is used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet, which must be assigned by InterNIC).

TCP/IP, UDP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and Unreliable Datagram Protocol (UDP). TCP/IP is the standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet. Both TCP and UDP are transport layer protocol. TCP performs proper error detection and error recovery, and thus is reliable. UDP on the other hand is not reliable. They both run on top of the IP (Internet Protocol), a network layer protocol.

WAN: Wide Area Network. A network that connects computers located in geographically separate areas (e.g. different buildings, cities, countries). The Internet is a wide area network.

Web-based management Graphical User Interface (GUI): Many devices support a graphical user interface that is based on the web browser. This means the user can use the familiar Netscape or Microsoft Internet Explorer to Control/configure or monitor the device being managed.



EDIMAX
NETWORKING PEOPLE TOGETHER

Edimax Technology co., Ltd

6F., No.3, Wu-Chuan 3rd Road, Wu-Gu,
New Taipei

Edimax Technology Europe B.V.

Nijverheidsweg 25 5683 CJ Best
The Netherlands

Edimax Computer Company

3350 Scott Blvd., Bldg.15 Santa Clara,
CA 95054, USA